

1000 DROWNED IN OHIO FLOODS

100 Reported Dead at Dayton; City Engulfed by Wall of Water

IRIMIE RESERVOIR BREAKS

Remains of Victims Float in Streets, Which are Raging Torrents Twenty to Forty Feet in Depth

Hundreds of persons are reported drowned and 30,000 rendered homeless in Dayton, Ohio, Tuesday following the breaking of the Miami river levee and the dammed reservoir, fifty miles above city.

It is impossible to estimate the loss Tuesday night, and it is said only a miracle could prevent it from going into hundreds or even thousands. One unconfirmed report declares 1,000 were dead in Dayton.

A cloudburst between Cincinnati and Dayton shortly after 6:30 Tuesday night caught down the only telegraph wire between the two cities. Telephone lines also were damaged.

A relief train on the Pennsylvania railroad was forced to remain in Cincinnati because of the washouts. Railroads have abandoned their schedules and it is impossible to send aid to the stricken city.

The climax of the flood in Dayton was reached Tuesday night when it was reported the water was from twenty to forty feet deep in many streets. Bodies were floating past the windows of office buildings and the catastrophe assumed the proportions of a tidal wave.

Hundreds of fires, impossible to fight broke out added to the horror of the scene. Rescue boats were unable to get further from shore than their tow lines would permit because of the raging current.

Looters are said to have shot down people protecting their property.

"Eight thousand have perished, people are dying like rats in a trap," came one message from the inundated city. This has not been confirmed.

A telephone operator in the Dayton office, who established communication with Richmond, Ind., for a few minutes said bodies were being swept by the window or her office and begged that an appeal be sent to Governor Cox.

Other sections of the state report a heavy loss of life and enormous property damage.

At Delaware nineteen persons are reported dead, many missing and 400 families homeless. A wall of water is inundating the town.

Twelve perish in Hamilton, Ohio, where conditions similar to those at Dayton render rescue work impossible.

Otto, a hamlet of 100 persons, is said to have been destroyed and the fate of the inhabitants unknown.

Governor Cox Tuesday night received a report from Phoneton, six miles from Dayton, saying that twenty-three bodies have been swept into the Great Miami river.

This seems to verify the story of the heavy loss of life at Sidney, Shelby county, which was reported partly wiped out by the flood.

The catastrophe in Dayton was caused by the breaking of the Laramie dam fifty miles north of the city early Tuesday morning. This immense reservoir, said to be the largest in the country, released millions of gallons of water which flowed into the Miami river, converting that stream into a raging torrent.

This wall of water, augmented by two rivers, the Stillwater and the Mad, and another stream, known as Wolf creek, swept down upon Dayton about 6 o'clock Tuesday morning, breaking the twenty-five foot levee and inundating the city.

Erratic Traveler.
Opportunity is the slowest thing in the world when it is approaching you; but when it is going in the other direction it travels faster than light.

Hard to Please.
Humanity's appetite for applause is so strong that no man can really please himself without pleasing a number of people.

LINEUP FOR CHAIRMAN

Welch of Newport and Eger of Libertyville Candidates

With township elections not far distant, holdover supervisors are already starting the battle for the chairmanship of the county board.

The fight to date lies between James Welch of Newport and Henry Eger of Libertyville.

Both these men are avowed candidates and their friends are working accordingly. According to friends of each it is likely to prove a battle to the finish between these two men, although E. W. Brooks of Wauconda, is mentioned as a possible third candidate.

Mr. Welch was a candidate a year ago against Mr. Clark of Highland Park, who defeated him by a small vote. Mr. Welch has practically the same following that he had a year ago.

The candidacies of these two men represents a contest of the younger element of the board vs. the older element that is, youngest in years vs. oldest in years.

Mr. Welch is of the younger element while Mr. Eger is of the older and more conservative element, therefore the situation is an interesting one.

Friends of both men are working among their fellow board members and among those who may become members in an effort to get pledges of votes. Both sides declare they believe they have the situation in hand to their satisfaction.

Both Mr. Eger and Mr. Welch have been members of the board for many years, and few members are better known throughout the county.

From an outsider's viewpoint it looks as if the older members of the board who united on Clark last year, have this year got together in an effort to land the position for Eger, while Welch's friend who fought his battle last year, are doing so this year.

MUST RAISE \$140,000

Period of Less Than Four Months Given Zion Followers to Raise Amount

Within a period of a little less than four months, Wilbur Glenn Voliva of Zion City, wishes to raise \$140,000, and judging by the success that has crowned his efforts in this line in the past, he probably will have his wish gratified. With this money he wishes to make another payment on the Zion estate. Of the \$140,000 is the regular annual payment; the forty thousand is for the interest. This payment does not fall due until March 1, 1914, but it is the desire of Voliva to meet it on or before July 21, 1913. In this way he aims to have gained an important step in cutting down the amount of interest which will fall due on the regular day on which the payment falls due. Then too, he hopes that perhaps before the time for the payment comes around he may be able to collect enough to make another payment. Already \$200,000 toward the purchase price of \$950,000 has been paid.

Every officer and member of the church, both in and outside of Zion, is asked just how he will help, during the period up to July 21, 1913, to raise the money for the payment.

The following ways of helping are suggested by Voliva.

1. By the purchase of city lots or acre tracts, or both.

2. By paying each and every month a specified amount into Zion redemption fund.

3. By the sale of all outside properties, and loaning the money for from five to ten years, secured by trust deed, to Zion City real estate. Three thousand or over of new money for from five to ten years will be accepted under this proposition.

4. By investing money in Zion institutions and industries, which are now doing an annual business of the better part of \$1,000,000 per year.

STORY-BOLLWAHN WEDDING TAKES PLACE TUESDAY

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Story on Tuesday, March 25, occurred the wedding of Miss Ruth Story and William Bollwahn of Alden, McHenry county, Illinois, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Stixrud at twelve o'clock in the presence of only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties.

The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Story of Antioch and the groom is a well known young farmer of the vicinity of Alden, and it is the intention of the young couple to make their future home upon a farm at that place.

Their many friends are extending congratulations.

SHOWS WHERE HE STANDS

Statement by Supervisor E. L. Simons Showing His Stand on New Court House

STARTS WITH REPORTER

Shows New Court House Was Not Contemplated by Board of Supervisors at Any of Their Meetings

Inasmuch, as previous to the town caucus held on Saturday, March 15, at which time I was one of the candidates for the office of supervisor from this township, the result being a tie vote, a report gained circulation that I was in favor of the building of a new court house in Waukegan and, as this report was, and still is, the cause of a sentiment against me I take this means to justify myself and herewith publish the following statement:

"Upon inquiry we find that all the talk and excitement about building a new Court House originated with a young newspaper reported on one of the Waukegan Daily papers, who started out six weeks or two months ago with a request that the County Officials give him interviews advocating a new Court House, this the officials almost unanimously refused to do, as outside of the question of a Court Room, there is no necessity for a new Court House at the present time. Judge Whitney and Judge Persons have an understanding so that they do not call juries at the same time so there is no trouble at present on that score. The reporter was told this and also told that when more room was required the present building could be enlarged at small expense and would answer every purpose for the next fifty years.

However, he had his head lines all arranged and published his interviews as he would like to have had them, and not as they occurred, and succeeded in creating some excitement without any foundation in fact, as there are no officials and no supervisors that we know of who are advocating a new Court House."

And, another idea I wish to set forth is "that the Board of Supervisors could not, even if they so wished, bond the county on a proposition of this kind as it would, according to law, have to be submitted to a vote of the people."

During the terms that I have served upon the board it has been my earnest endeavor to keep down any proposition that would tend to increase the taxes unless said proposition embodied an absolute necessity or is of material benefit to tax payers. And if I am again favored with the confidence of the voters at the coming election I shall do all in my power for the interest of the community on the tax question as well as on all others.

Yours Respectfully,
E. L. Simons.

To Induce Patriotism

I think it would be a very good plan to have school children devote about ten minutes at the opening of class each morning to the singing of a patriotic song, during which time the stars and stripes would be raised to the breeze over each public school. I think it would have a tendency to promote more patriotism in the mind of the child and more respect for the flag that our forefathers fought for and at the same time brighten up the child's mind for a good day's study.

Contributed.

City and Farm Life.
A great deal is said and written about the "rugged old farmers of eighty," but they look more like a hundred while there are scores of men in the city who step off quite briskly to their offices, keen of intellect and active of body at eighty, as many a younger man has learned in attempting to deal with them. And the city man of eighty looks about sixty, while the average farmer of sixty looks more like an octogenarian. Taken all in all, physicians the country over have agreed that their observations lead to the conviction that the country man does not average one bit healthier than the city man.—Chicago American.

ALLENDALE IN PATH OF STORM

School House is Demolished While Power Plant and Barns are Damaged

OTHER PLACES ALSO HIT

Property Damage in Lake County is Placed at a High Estimate but no Lives are Reported Lost

The near cyclone which swept over northern Illinois and other states last Saturday night favored Lake County beyond measure in that it took no lives, although displaying its fury in other ways.

The immediate village of Antioch fared extremely well no special damage taking place although the wind was severe enough to cause considerable alarm.

The hardest hit of any of the places in this vicinity was Allendale. There the school building was completely demolished and will have to be entirely rebuilt, and the roof of the heating plant was ripped away and most of the equipment ruined, both ends of the dairy barn were torn away and the main building was hurled against the silo.

At Lake Villa some damage was also done. The roof was blown from B. Hamlin's work shop and several small buildings were more or less damaged. One of the windows in P. M. Lund's tailor shop blew in and many telephone poles throughout the county were blown down.

On the Dixon place east of Antioch, sheds and out buildings were blown over and on the Jacob Savage farm the hen house containing three windows, was blown over and over for some little distance without even breaking a glass, although several chickens lives were sacrificed in the accident. Many farmers are also reporting the leveling of windmills. Other places were not so fortunate Aurora, Rockford, Champaign and many other towns are reporting heavy heavy losses.

The property damage in and around Aurora will exceed \$300,000. Eighty-five buildings, mostly on big stock farms were blown down and about one hundred head of cattle and horses were killed.

The Hagge Brothers Greenhouse at Deerfield was totally destroyed; The loss being placed at \$1,000 with no insurance. The greenhouse is one of the largest in the county.

AUDITOR SIMS HAS COMPLETED INVESTIGATION

Auditor Sims who has made a thorough research of the books and records of the various county officers gave his official report before the board of supervisors on Wednesday.

This report brought out no sensation as has been hinted at various times but on the contrary showed that everything was in the best possible condition.

Some few weeks ago, upon a suggestion from Mr. Sims Sheriff Green and former Sheriff Griffin turned over to the county certain sums, which due to a misunderstanding of the law, they had retained in excess of their rightful fee. When the matter was brought to their attention they cheerfully turned over the designated sums.

The question of the treasurer retaining the inheritance tax fees is a mooted one. Attorneys have disagreed upon it and while the law seems clear that the treasurer may retain the two per cent on the inheritance tax paid in the office. Mr. Sims insists he has not the right to do so. This question is one perplexing many counties in the state.

Played His Own Wedding March.
In a wedding ceremony at the Holy Rosary Catholic church of Reading, Pa., the bridegroom, Giovanni Pace, organist of the church, played his own wedding march while the rest of the bridal party entered the church and advanced to the altar. At the conclusion of the march the bridegroom proceeded to the chancel rail and met his bride.

SMUT IN OATS AND BARLEY

Loss of Grain from Smut Can be Prevented at Little Expense

Smut is a fungus disease caused by minute spores lodging underneath the hull of the oat or barley grains previous to the opening period. These small spores remain inactive until the grain is planted, when they germinate with the seed and send hair-like threads up through the stem of the plant. Practically all of the heads growing from a seed which contains the smut spores are smutted and the grain destroyed. As soon as the smut is fully matured, it is blown by the wind to unaffected heads of oats or barley and finds lodging beneath the hulls of unripened kernels. The hulls close over the spores at the time of ripening and hold them securely until germination begins, when the spores begin their destructive work.

Remedy
The formaldehyde treatment completely prevents smut in oats and reduces smut in barley about 80 per cent.

Secure from the drug store a pint of formalin for every 35 bushels of grain that you are going to sow. Mix the pint of formalin with 25 gallons of water. Spread 35 bushels of well cleaned oats on a clean floor; with an ordinary sprinkling can, sprinkle some of the above solution over the seed, mix the seed and add more solution until you have added one gallon of solution for every bushel of seed. The seed should be so thoroughly mixed that every kernel is wet. Pile the seed in a round heap, cover with blankets to prevent the formalin from evaporating and leave all night. The next morning the seed can again be spread on the floor, and after being shoveled over once or twice will be ready for sowing. The treatment of oats and barley may seem a small matter to many farmers, but on practically every farm of any size in Lake county the value of two or three good cows or a horse is lost every year by smut, all of which could have been prevented by a little work and less than two cents per bushel for seed sown. The smutted plants are shorter and mature earlier than the crop of grain. Often there is 10 to 25 per cent of smut that the farmer does not realize is present.

On eighty acres of oats the following table gives the loss due to smut of different amounts, assuming a yield of 50 bushels of oats per acre.

Total oats	Per cent of Smut	Bushels lost
4000	5	210
4000	10	444
4000	15	705
4000	20	1000

Thus at an outlay of less than five dollars and the extra cost of threshing there is a gain of 210 to 1000 bushels of oats on 80 acres.

MILK PRODUCERS STAND FIRM FOR HIGHER PRICES

Milk producers throughout Richmond feel that they will be returned the victors in the present fight for high prices and the majority of them are still holding out, having refused to accept the average price of \$1.34 1-6 offered by the Borden company a week ago Saturday, contract day.

There has been very little change in the situation since a week ago Saturday. The farmers feel that they have the upper hand in the fight and have settled back to await the action of the Borden company, believing the company will come to their terms on or before April 1st. There is no questioning the fact that Chicago has to have the milk supply of this district and with the independent dealers in the city ready and willing to meet the demand of the producers it is up to the Borden company to do likewise if it is to supply its trade in Chicago.

Practically all the other big companies are now offering prices in excess of the Borden scale, while independent dealers in Chicago are anxious to contract milk at the producers' prices. If the other milk dealers can pay the price the producers argue that Borden can, and will, before allowing outside concerns to corner the supply.

Evening Things Up.
"Takes us some time to train a girl," remarked the head of the large department store. "And then you lose a lot of girls through marriage." "Yes; but things even up. A lot of girls get tired of their husbands and come back to us."

Carlyle's Idea of Love.
Love is not altogether a delirium, yet it has many points in common therewith. I call it rather a discerning of the infinite in the finite—the ideal made real.—Carlyle.

Not Recorded.
Our wide reading of history shows no record of a statesman dying of overwork after election.—Atchison Globe.

SEVERAL HEADS CRACKED

In Renewal of War Between Crusaders and Employees of Cook Plant

TROUBLE RENEWED AT ZION

Cook Employees Took Offense at Remarks Hurlled by Elder Harwood, and Fight Encounter Was the Result

Civil war broke out again in Zion City last Thursday night when several members of Voliva's Crusaders sustained cracked heads in an encounter with employees of the Frank B. Cook Electrical company. It was reported in Zion City that warrants would be sworn out for several of the Cook men as a result of the encounter.

Elder W. S. Peckham of the Crusaders, was injured the most severely. His condition on Thursday night was reported to be quite critical. He has sustained a blow over the heart and had been knocked over a small embankment. Others of the crusaders whose faces and heads were bruised and cut considerably were Elders Ernest Harwood, Samuel Huston and George Robbins, Deacons Brown and Howland, John Darling and John Brownell. Darling is blind. Huston is the man whom Voliva recently brought from Chicago to combat with the powerful horn which has been placed on the Cook factory. Huston has the reputation of possessing a froggish voice which can be heard nearly a mile. None of the Cook employees were hurt.

This is the first real clash between the Crusaders and the Cook employees that has taken place in a long time.

For some little time the Crusaders had been holding their meetings near the west door of the factory. The Cook employees to avoid the remarks that were cast at them and save having any trouble, started to leave the factory by the south door. As soon as the Crusaders noted this fact they at once took a stand there.

On Thursday night a few of the employees left by the south door to find the Crusaders while the majority went out the west door. The Crusaders' meeting was being led by Elder Harwood.

H. R. Cook and his son had gone out the west door and started to walk to the city. Cook had told his son, he says to go along and pay no attention to the jibes of the crusaders. About this time, according to reports from Zion, Elder Harwood crossed over and addressed himself as follows to Mr. Cook: "Why don't you take your low down miserable dogs back to the Red Light district where they came from?" "Be careful—don't go too far," was the warning of Mr. Cook.

"Why don't you take your factory and get out—you've got no business here," Harwood shouted.

By this time several of the Cook employees had gathered about their employer and hearing of the previous remark made by Harwood, an altercation followed. Soon fists were flying in great shape. The Crusaders at once marshalled their forces and the Cook employees did likewise. Women among the Crusaders fought side by side with the men of their party, but they were given scanty attention by the Cook employees who took the stand that they were not making war on women. When the smoke of battle had cleared it was found that some of the Crusaders had been treated pretty roughly.

At one point Elder Robbins, an alderman, exhibited his star and sought to stop the encounter. The mob lit into him joyously. He was knocked down.

Dog Meat in Germany.
The use of the flesh of dogs as a food for man is becoming common in Germany, even in the capital, Berlin. From necessity the German workingman has long made horse meat a substantial portion of his daily fare, but while Saxony consumes thousands of dogs annually the practice of eating this meat has not until recently invaded Prussia.

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. H. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

CONFER ON TARIFF

WILSON HOLDS CONFERENCE WITH UNDERWOOD ON DETAILS OF THE BILL.

SEES TROUBLE IN COLLECTING

Cost of Assessing Rates Will Hinder Low Schedules in Income Tax Act Also—Chief Executive and Chairman in Accord.

Washington, March 26.—Following his announced policy of keeping in touch with tariff legislation, President Wilson conferred at length Monday with Chairman Underwood of the ways and means committee on details of the tariff bills which have been prepared for submission to the Democratic caucus.

Underwood carried a draft of the revised tariff rates to the White House and explained them to the President. Members of the ways and means committee understand that the president and Underwood are in accord on the tariff legislation policy and whatever suggestions the president has made will be carried back by Underwood to his committee.

The administrative features of both the general tariff law and of the income tax are proving difficult of solution by the committee. It has been held that the cost of collecting the customs duties has been excessive and plans are under consideration for cutting down this expense.

There is similar difficulty with proposed plans for collecting the income tax. While members of the committee would like to see the income exemption point where the cost of collection would make the tax unprofitable to the government.

Mr. Underwood worked with Representatives Hill of Tennessee and A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania over this feature of the income tax bill.

Mr. Underwood admitted that his committee had adopted a tentative income tax rate, but the final rate is to be determined after the committee has some definite information of the amount of customs duties to be lost by the proposed reductions in the general tariff schedules.

Statisticians reported to the ways and means committee an estimate of customs receipts to be collected under the proposed new tariff duties.

While Underwood conferred with Secretary of War Garrison on tariffs affecting the insular possessions, those duties will not have any bearing on the general tariff revision or on the customs receipts. There is practically free trade now with the Philippines, Hawaii and Porto Rico, and a special reciprocal arrangement with Cuba. The insular tariffs are prepared usually by the bureau of insular affairs, which is under the war department.

43 ARE RESCUED IN MIDOCEAN

Steamer Harfleur Saves Crew of Norwegian Bark Rimao From Starving—Vessels in Distress.

New York, March 26.—A wireless message Monday reporting the disablement of the Swedish steamer Texas, of the Norway, Mexico and Gulf line, and the transfer of her 43 passengers at sea was received here by the Scandinavian-American line.

Beached in mid-Atlantic with all hands starving and with seven other vessels in sight but unable to give help, was the condition in which the steamer Harfleur found the Norwegian bark Rimao on March 17. A boatload of provisions was sent her from the Harfleur. The captain of the Rimao declared that they had been on short rations for more than a month and that the last food had been eaten when the Harfleur hove in sight.

Mobile, March 26.—Four vessels in distress obtained assistance at the port of Mobile Monday.

MISS VIRGINIA HARNED WEDS

Former Wife of E. H. Sothorn Surprises Her Friends by Announcement of Marriage.

New York, March 26.—Miss Virginia Harned, the actress, has been Mrs. William Courtenay for several months. The announcement was made Monday night at a dinner in the young woman's home in Rye, N. Y. She was formerly Mrs. E. H. Sothorn, and for several years was Sothorn's leading woman. Both Mr. and Mrs. Courtenay refuse to say when they were married or who married them. The couple's friends were very much surprised at the announcement.

Aged Authress Is Dead.
London, March 26.—Lady Dorothy Nevill, the well-known author, died at her home in Charles street, Berkeley square, here, Monday, after an illness of several days. Lady Nevill would have been eighty-seven on March 31.

House of Commons' New Move.
London, March 26.—For the first time in living memory the house of commons sat on Easter Monday. Many members displayed their resentment at curtailment of their brief Easter holiday by remaining away.

CHILDREN MAKE MERRY IN THE WHITE HOUSE



The prattle of childish lips and the sound of baby laughter such as has not been heard in the White House for many years now emanates from the executive mansion, where there is a children's race for the favor of the president of the United States. The contest is going on between the three grand-nieces and the grand-nephew of Woodrow Wilson. A few days ago the quartet had a tea party and little Josephine Wilson Cothran, aged seventeen months, poured for her guests, Virginia Peyton Howe, fat, rosy and blond, aged three; Wilson Howe, her brother, aged ten, and Elizabeth Wilson, also aged ten, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wilson, cousins of the president. The photograph shows them in that order from left to right.

NEED OF WEALTH HIT

PRESIDENT WILSON PROTESTS AGAINST SMALL SALARIES PAID U. S. ENVOYS.

SERVICE ABROAD TOO COSTLY

Chief Executive Issues Statement Saying He Is Sorry McCombs Is Not Able to Accept the Post to France—Doctor Elliot Declines.

Washington, March 25.—President Wilson is seriously concerned because of the repeated refusals of prominent Democrats to accept high diplomatic appointments on account of financial inability to maintain the positions, practically appealed to the country Sunday to back him up in a request that congress pay ambassadors and ministers enough to enable poor men to represent this country abroad.

This appeal was made in a statement concerning the declination of William McCombs of the offer of the ambassadorship to Paris. Mr. McCombs declined solely on the ground that he could not afford to take the place. The president said:

"I am very sorry, indeed, that Mr. McCombs cannot accept the appointment to France. I was particularly anxious that he should. My admiration of his ability, my knowledge of his singular capacity for grasping complex situations, my confidence in his fact and resourcefulness as well as my affection for him and the intimate relations that of course exist between us, combine to make my disappointment very great indeed. But I of course appreciate the force of the reason he gives. He would have accepted at an unreasonable sacrifice and I could not further press the offer upon him.

"It is a great pity that the country has to ask such sacrifices of those who are invited to serve it abroad—a service which every year becomes more exacting and more important. The sacrifice of time, of money and of opportunity at home is very serious for any but men of large means and leisure and the diplomatic service is unnecessarily hampered."

Mr. McCombs' refusal followed that of Richard Olney and Charles W. Elliot, ex-president of Harvard, who both were offered the ambassadorship to the court of St. James.

The salary of an ambassador is \$17,500 a year and an expert opinion given here by John Barrett, who has been in the diplomatic service as minister and is now director of the Pan-American Union, is that \$25,000 is the least that one can spend and maintain the dignity of an embassy. Even at that figure the ambassador or minister would be \$8,500 in debt to his salary at least at the end of every year.

Finds New Counterfeit Bill.
Washington, March 25.—A \$10 counterfeit national bank note on the Marine National bank of Buffalo, N. Y., was discovered by secret service Sunday. It has no silk threads and is an imitation of the 1902 series.

Passes Nine-Hour Day Bill.
Jefferson City, Mo., March 25.—The state senate passed a bill Saturday making the nine-hour day apply to all women workers in the state, except the employees of telephone or telegraph companies.

Aid to Pope Is Dead.
Rome, March 25.—Cardinal Peter Respighi, the pope's vicar general, died here Sunday. He was born at Bologna, September 22, 1843. The death of Cardinal Respighi was caused by influenza.

MRS. EATON IS HELD

WIDOW ARRESTED AFTER INQUIRY INTO ADMIRAL'S DEATH.

Chemist's Discovery of Arsenic in Stomach Arouses Authorities to Action.

Hingham, Mass., March 22.—Charged with the murder of her husband, Mrs. Eaton, widow of Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, was arrested here Thursday. She was a witness at the secret inquest into her husband's death, and drove from her home in an automobile accompanied by two police officers a short time before she was taken into custody.

Mrs. Eaton was arraigned before Judge Pratt, who conducted the inquest into the admiral's death. She pleaded not guilty and was committed to jail without bail for a further hearing March 28.

Admiral Eaton died suddenly on the morning of March 8. He was sixty-six years of age, but his friends said he had been in good health. Two days later the body was buried at Draught, his former home.

MADERO SLAIN IN PALACE?

Col. Bauche Alcalde, Maderist, Refugee From Mexico, Says Guard Attack Was a Ruse.

San Francisco, March 22.—"President Madero and Vice-President Suarez were assassinated in the palace by the Huerta revolutionists before the shots were fired on them in the street," said Col. Bauche Alcalde, Maderist refugee from Mexico, who arrived Thursday with his family on the steamship Acapulco.

"The shots in the streets by the guards were fired into the dead bodies of the president and vice-president. President Madero was shot in the palace by Captain Azcarade, one of the guards. The shot was fired into his neck, close to the ear and the powder marks could be plainly seen on the skin to tell at what close range the shot had been fired.

"Vice-President Suarez was choked to death by the hands of another body guard. His face was black and his tongue was protruding from his mouth as they placed his dead body beside the corpse of the president in the automobile. Then a journey to the penitentiary was begun and a volley of shots were fired into the two lifeless figures propped up on the seats in an effort to mask the atrocity of the double assassination that had taken place within the palace walls.

"The president and vice-president were killed in the palace about eight o'clock. It was sometime between 10 and 12 o'clock the same night that their bodies were put into the auto and fired upon on the journey to the penitentiary."

FRANK S. BLACK IS DEAD

Former Governor of New York Succumbs to Heart Disease After Several Days' Illness.

Troy, N. Y., March 22.—Frank S. Black, formerly governor of New York, died at his home here last night of heart disease, after several days' illness.

Plan Cancer Research Work.
Liverpool, March 25.—John C. McFadden of Philadelphia completed arrangements Sunday for opening here next May an institution for research into cancer and contagious diseases. He sailed for New York.

Friend of Edison Loses by Fire.
Avon, N. Y., March 25.—Fire destroyed the electrical laboratory of Charles S. Bradley here Sunday with a loss of \$100,000. Mr. Bradley is a former partner of Edison and a well-known inventor.

STORM TOLL IS BIG

SIXTY-NINE KILLED AND HUNDREDS HURT WHEN TORNADO SWEEPS COUNTRY.

FAST DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

Terrific Windstorm Struck Gulf States First, Then Swung Northward and Eastward Over Eleven States—Telegraph Wires Down.

Chicago, March 24.—As a result of a terrific storm which Friday swept the Mississippi valley from the great lakes to the gulf, sixty-nine persons were killed. The storm ushered in the first day of spring by demolishing towns and injuring hundreds of people.

Telegraph service in the central west was demolished. Chicago practically was without any wire connections to outside points. Two thousand poles fell under the weight of sleet between this city and South Bend, Ind.

While Chicago was in the clutch of the storm for eighteen hours points in the west and south suffered far more severely. Reports from Mississippi, west Tennessee, southeastern Kentucky, north and east Arkansas, Indiana, Ohio, Alabama, Missouri, Minnesota and Wisconsin bring stories of devastation and death.

From many sections where the storm was at its height only meager reports have been received. Demoralized telephone and telegraph service made it impossible to communicate with many of the smaller towns in Arkansas and Missouri, where villages are said to have been destroyed and many killed.

Hoxie, Ark., was practically destroyed. Nine people are reported dead and many more seriously injured. Property damage will reach into hundreds of thousands of dollars through the surrounding district, where the wind reached its maximum velocity.

Lower Peach Tree, in Wilcox, Ala., also is said to have been destroyed. Twenty-nine are known to have been killed, while scores were injured seriously. Only a few of the buildings in the town were left standing, and hundreds of people Friday night were without shelter and food.

In Mississippi the storm reached its fury in the district lying between Grenada and Water Valley. At Senatobia it reached its greatest velocity, houses being tossed about as playthings, small buildings being carried for rods and everything left barren. No loss of life occurred there.

Five were killed in a small settlement five miles north of Macon, Miss., and more than five times that number injured.

Poplar Bluff, Mo., was swept by a tornado which tore buildings from their foundations, killing five persons and injured more than fifty. Members of the crew of the St. Louis & San Francisco railway passenger train which reached Memphis, Tenn., told harrowing stories of passing through the storm center. As the train dashed through the cyclone zone the track was seen torn from the earth a few miles behind them.

Vice-President Speaks on Easter.
Springfield, Mass., March 25.—Vice-President and Mrs. Marshall were in this city Sunday as guests of the Young Men's Christian association, under whose auspices Mr. Marshall delivered an Easter address.

Famine Follows Albanian War.
Rome, March 25.—Famine has traveled in the path of the war in Albania, and the Italian consul at Avlona was instructed by the authorities at Rome Sunday to distribute supplies to the sufferers in his district.

"SWINDLER" IS HELD

NEW YORK HAIR IMPORTER CAPTURED ON STEAMER.

Antone Martinez, Accompanied by Three Sons and Two Daughters, Taken From Berth on Ship.

New Orleans, March 21.—Anthony and Philip Musica, father and son, human hair dealers in New York, indicted there for defrauding American and European bankers, were arrested here Wednesday aboard the United Fruit company's steamship Herodias, about to leave for Central America, after a thrilling pursuit across the country by police and detectives.

The detectives, led astray for several hours by the clever doubling of their quarry, all but missed the fugitives, but traced their baggage aboard the ship in time to accomplish their arrest.

With the elder Musica, a dignified Italian of sixty-eight years, were his son, Philip Musica, aged thirty, two daughters and two other sons. Their attempt, traveling together and closely pursued, to escape from the country perhaps is without parallel in the criminal history of the United States.

Approximately \$76,000 in cash was taken from the six Italians. This is believed to be part of the \$1,000,000 they are said to have obtained from American and European banking firms by means of fraudulent invoices for consignments of human hair.

HUNTINGTON WILSON RESIGNS

Bryan Aid Attacks Order Repudiating the Chinese Loan Plans—Resignation Is Accepted.

Washington, March 22.—Out of harmony with the new administration's far eastern policy and vexed by the "unnecessary haste" in publishing a statement on the Chinese loan before it had been advised of its character, Huntington Wilson, acting secretary of state, resigned on Thursday.

In a long letter to President Wilson he set forth his grievances, and the impropriety of trying to act as spokesman for policies with which he is not in accord, and demanded that the resignation as assistant secretary of state, which he submitted on March 4, be effective at once.

The president at once designated Second Assistant Secretary Ade to act as secretary of state in Mr. Bryan's absence, while it is probable that John Bassett Moore will be appointed counselor of the state department with authority as an assistant secretary. In accepting the resignation of Huntington Wilson, the president made no reply to the statements in the letter of resignation.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Buffalo, N. Y., March 21.—Charles E. Lang, sergeant of police, was shot and fatally wounded in the office of Mayor Louis P. Fuhrmann here Wednesday by Joseph Stefanski, who says he is a Montana cowboy. Lang was on duty when Stefanski entered and asked to see the mayor. When permission was refused he started shooting.

San Leandro, Cal., March 22.—T. J. Smith, a traveling salesman for the Walden Jewelry company of Chicago, cut his throat with a razor and his body was found in the roadway near Estudillo station here Thursday.

Chicago, March 24.—John Klein, a printer, was shot and killed by his son, John R. Klein, nineteen years old, in their home here Friday. The youth killed his father in defense of his mother, according to his statement.

Lincoln, Neb., March 21.—William J. Bryan, secretary of state under President Woodrow Wilson, came to Lincoln Wednesday to celebrate his fifty-third birthday anniversary with the folks at home and be guest of honor at the annual banquet of the Lincoln Bryan club.

From the moment he stepped from his train until the banquet climax late at night when he addressed a course which jammed the Auditorium to its doors, the distinguished son of Nebraska was the central figure of a continuous ovation.

MOORE, WEATHER CHIEF, OUT

Prof. Charles W. Dabney, President of the Cincinnati University, Scheduled for the Vacancy.

Washington, March 25.—Willis L. Moore, since 1895 chief of the weather bureau, will cease to make weather forecasts after July 21 next. He resigned Saturday.

Washington, March 25.—Prof. Charles W. Dabney, president of the University of Cincinnati, and one of the foremost educators in the country, is scheduled to succeed Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States weather bureau, it is understood.

President Bonilla Dead.
Washington, March 24.—A message was received here Friday announcing the death of President Manuel Bonilla of Honduras. Francisco Bertrand, vice-president, immediately succeeded to the office.

Summoned to Cincinnati.
Cincinnati, March 24.—The Cincinnati Police sent a letter to Dr. F. F. Friedmann Friday, inviting him to visit Cincinnati and offering him the clinic in which to conduct his demonstrations.

Loss of Power

and vital force follow loss of flesh or emaciation. These come from impoverished blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

enlivens a torpid liver—enriches the blood—stops the waste of strength and tissue and builds up healthy flesh—to the proper body weight. As an appetizing restorative tonic, it sets to work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, restores every organ into natural action, and brings back health and strength.

Can anything else be "just as good" to take?

Pure Blood

Is the result of Perfect Nutrition which proceeds from GOOD DIGESTION



Assure These Benefits

His Best Friend.
"Well, what did you do when the problem came up?"
"Wasted time. Went out and asked the advice of seventeen friends."
"What did you get?"
"Seventeen different solutions."
"And then?"
"Then I took the advice of an eighteenth friend and won out."
"And who was your eighteenth friend?"
"Myself."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Like an Old Fool.

Sillicus—What is the age of discretion?
Cynicus—There ain't any. I know a man over seventy who married his fourth wife the other day.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your doctor will refund most of the cost if you fail to cure any case of itching, blood, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days. 60c

Don't flag the busy little bee when he is going straight ahead.

BUY FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND
STOPS COUGHS - CURES COLDS
Contains No Opium - Is Safe For Children

W. B. NUFORY CORSETS

mold the figure to the new "tubular" effect, giving grace and slender suppleness, with fashionable "straight lines."

Style No. 53, med. bust, very long hips, mod. low, high and Speciality woven back very long. coult. or ballie, coult. or ballie, em. lace trimmed. Hose brocked edging supporters. Sizes 18 to 24. \$1.00 Sizes 18 to 24. \$1.25

W. B. Elastine-Reduso

are the most comfortable corsets for the well-developed woman, effecting the slender lines without discomfort.

Wear-Proof Elastine Gores provide comfort, prevent weakening of the fibre, and insure good durability during the life of the corset. Specially woven materials, guaranteed not to rust, tear or break.

No. 788, low bust, coult. and ballie \$3.00
No. 789, medium bust, coult. and ballie \$3.00

At your dealer's or direct, postpaid. Art calendar and catalogue FREE for dealer's name.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Chicago, Illinois

Saskatchewan

Your Opportunity Is NOW

In the Province of Saskatchewan, Western Canada

Do you desire to get a Free Homestead of 160 Acres of the best known "Wheat Land" but no less valuable?

The area is becoming more limited. NEW DISTRICTS have recently been opened up for settlement, and into these railroads are now being built. The day will soon come when there will be no more homesteading.

A Swift Current, Saskatchewan, farmer who came on my homestead, March 1904, with about 1500 worth of horses and machinery, and just \$3 in cash. Today I have 600 acres of wheat, 800 acres of oats, and 40 acres of hay. But best of all, but only an instance of what may be done in Western Canada, are Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Send at once for literature, Maps, Railway Rates, etc., to C. J. Brown, 412 Merchants' L. B. Bldg. Chicago, N. Y. Melrose, 178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Canadian Government Agents, or address: Superintendent, Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

Farm and Timber Land

for sale along Queen & Crescent Route between Meridian, Miss., and Cincinnati, O. Great many bargain large and small farms. Should appeal to farmers. Land can be purchased from five to thirty dollars per acre on easy terms. Advice satisfactory. Write E. D. STRATTON, Land and Industrial Agent, Q. & C. Route, Chattanooga, Tenn.

HAY LAND FOR SALE

40 acres rich second bottom land in WESTERN MINNESOTA. 20 acres timothy meadow and 20 acres blue grass pasture with running water and 20 acres pine land. A mile to good town and main line railroad. Beautiful country and American neighborhood. Owner resident of Ohio and unable to reside properly. Paid \$2 on valuation of \$25 per acre last year with no adequate care. Address owner, H. C. KING, WEST MENTON, OHIO, BOX 91

PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

AD IN NOCTIAL S IN WEST

Loss in Nine
Will Total Ap-
ximately \$15,-
000,000

AHA HARDEST HIT

Loss in Nebraska Metropolis Es-
timated at \$10,000,000
and 150 Killed.

HUNDREDS ARE BADLY HURT

Twenty-Six Lose Their Lives at Terre
Haute, Ind., 15 at Yutan, Neb., 10
in Council Bluffs, Ia., and
Scores in Small Towns
Throughout Devastated Section.

Chicago, March 25.—A death toll
babily reaching 300 with \$15,000,
property loss was taken by twin
nocturnal tornadoes which swept
ugh the middle west Sunday night
Monday morning.

Yutan, Neb., is the heaviest suffer-
with at least 152 dead and devast-
in totaling \$10,000,000. This takes
eckon of the hundreds more who
been injured, scores perhaps
y.

Troops Maintain Order.
broad section of the residential
ct of the city, abiding places of
wealthy classes was wiped out.
added to the general havoc.
ensued and the state and feder-
troops have been called out to
tain order.

Other Nebraska towns felt the
dealing force of the wind which
t over into Iowa as well. Mis-
souri, Indiana, Montana, Wis-
consin, Kansas and South Dakota.

As far east as Chicago, the fatal-
ity of the storm was felt, the toll
being five killed with \$500,000
age. In Milwaukee \$200,000 prop-
erty was sustained.

Twenty-Six Dead at Terre Haute.
e Omaha was the center of one
the tornadoes, Terre Haute, Ind.,
time the center of the other. Twen-
ty are dead from the storm which
the latter city. Fifteen were lost in
an, Neb., between 25 and 35 in
ounding Nebraska towns, ten in
Council Bluffs, Ia., while deaths of
two to fifteen persons are re-
ed from scores of other small
as through the nine states encom-
ed by the two storms.

he history of the middle west con-
is no record of storms of such vic-
e and attended by such appalling
s of life.

Partial List of Dead.
The list of dead in Omaha so far as
own is as follows:

—Archer.
Mrs. Bigelow.
Maria Booker.
Helen Bowlers.
Henry Bleawell.
Jeon K. Brooks.
Clarence Cady.
Two infant children of Morris Chris-
anson.
Henry Cooper.
C. F. Copley.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Daniels and two
all daughters.
Mrs. Frank Ravie.
Mrs. B. Davis.
am. Dangler.
W. Dillon.
hn Doyle.
orge Duncan.
orge J. Duncan.
rt H. Fields.
William Fisher.
a. F. B. Fitzgerald.
any Ford.
on L. Garrison.
yd Gower.
ygo Givot.
J. P. G. Goodnaught.
J. Gray.
J. Greener.
M. Henrietta Grier.
Aanson.
Oge Hanson.
Akw Hendrickson.
Fr. Hunt.
Mrs. A. Heneman.
Mr. F. Hogg.
Miss Frieda Hultin.
Jess Jepson.
Thos. Johnson.
Nath. Khosey and three small
daughters and infant son.
Neilsen.
Mabel McBride.
Miss Isaac.
Mrs. A. Newman.
J. B. Nichols.
T. R. Norris.
Corall Norris.
A. J. Beck.
Walter Peterson.
Sam Roy.
Mrs. A. E. Sawyer.
A. B. Stanley.
Mrs. Sullivan.
Mrs. R. R. Devan.
At Council Bluffs, Ia.:

Benjamin Benninghoff.
Mrs. William Poole.
Mrs. J. R. Rice.
J. R. Rice.
Mr. and Mrs. Schools and Baby
Norgaard.

At Ralston, Neb.:
Mrs. Edith Kimball, two years old.
Mary Moran.
H. E. Said.
At Yutan, Neb.:
(Death reported but not con-
firmed.)
Mrs. William Babcock and daugh-
ter.
Mrs. Gilster.
A. R. Hammond, wife and son.
Henry Scheele.
Mrs. W. H. Steimbaugh and baby.

1,200 Houses Wrecked.

Twelve hundred houses were
wrecked in Omaha in addition to five
public schools and seven churches.

At the moment that the storm
struck every light in the city was
extinguished. Fires started all over
the destroyed section. Torrential
rains came immediately and reduced
this danger to a minimum. Panic
ensued. Mayor Dahlman took person-
al command of the situation and
called out all the available state
troops, appealing at the same time
to Governor Morehead for reinforce-
ments. Before the roar of the torna-
do had died out in the distance the
work of rescue had begun. It con-
tinued uninterruptedly by lantern
light all through the night and with
the arrival of the governor with ad-
ditional state troops, supplemented by
the federal troops from Fort Omaha,
order is being rapidly restored and
accurate accounting made of the ex-
tent of the damage.

The hotels in the downtown sec-
tion of the city, which escaped with
little damage, have been turned into
hospitals for the treatment of the
hundreds of injured.

Aid Is Forthcoming.

Trains bearing physicians, nurses
and supplies have been arriving from
every direction. Money, too, is pour-
ing into the city from all quarters
and offers of aid are being received from
all sides.

The situation is appalling but it is
believed that the authorities now
have it well in hand and there re-
mains but the work of locating all of
the dead, caring for the injured and
clearing away the wreckage preparatory
to rebuilding.

It was a night of unimaginable ter-
ror in Omaha, following the sudden
bursting of the storm. A thousand
incidents were related of its fury and
the effects which followed in its
wake.

Strikes Ralston First.

The tornado traveled in a northeast-
erly direction and first swept down on
Ralston, a manufacturing suburb three
miles west of South Omaha. It struck
the city limits of Omaha at the field
club, in the southwest section, and
plowed a path six blocks wide straight
through the city three and one-half
miles in length. The tornado area was
from the southwest limits, across the
west side of the city, which included
the West Farnum residence section,
the most fashionable residence dis-
trict, which was almost completely de-
stroyed, and thence to the north sec-
tion, where the death toll was great-
est. After twisting across the north-
east line of the city, the tornado freck-
ishly doubled back across the Missouri
river, wrecking the Illinois Central
bridge and tearing through Council
Bluffs, where at least six persons were
killed and great property loss caused.

Whole Blocks in Ruins.

The wonder in the mind of every
person who has seen the blocks and
blocks of ruins; the shapeless heaps
of wreckage that were houses; and has
learned the authenticated instances by
which the houses were blown from
their foundations and dashed, four
stories high, against sturdier struc-
tures and of the tumbling about of lo-
comotives on the Missouri Pacific
roundhouse little shuttlecocks of the
wind, is that the death list is not
greater. One explanation brought for-
ward is that the tornado came at an
hour when a greater percentage of the
people were on the streets than usual.
Before the storm there had not been
even a puff of wind. At five o'clock
the clouds piling up from the south
took on an awesome greenish tinge. In
the minutes before 6:45 o'clock the
sky turned to inky blackness and the
wind came.

Hospitals Filled With Injured.

All Omaha hospitals are filled with
injured. Scores of these are unident-
ified and other scores are unconscious.
Many physicians from nearby cities
have responded to the calls for aid and
there seems adequate provision for the
maimed.

Mayor Dahlman led the city com-
missioners in a grant of \$25,000 for
emergency work, and business men
within a few hours raised \$75,000.
Omaha will handle her own charity if
she can, and it is not likely that out-
side relief will be sought.

While it still raged the streets in the
stricken section were a bedlam of pan-
ic-stricken people fleeing from the
torment of flying bricks and timber, while
building after building crashed into
the streets.

Institute a Death House.

The Child Saving Institute at 619
South Forty-second street was a verit-
able death house within half an hour
after the storm struck. Every avail-
able room there was pressed into ser-
vice as one after another of the dead
were brought into the place.

One of the peculiarities of the storm
noted at the Children's institute was
that all of the dead and injured were
badly cut about the face; while the
bodies were comparatively free from
wounds. Ugly looking scalp wounds
marked every injury, which is ex-
plained by reason of the fact that a
large number of the killed and injured

ran to escape the storm and were
felled by flying wreckage.

Five Killed in Illinois.

Five lives were lost in Chicago and
vicinity, three of them in the city and
two in the near-by Village of Des-
Plaines, many persons were injured,
a score of buildings were wrecked
and other heavy property damage re-
sulted, particularly on the Northwest
side of the city, as a result of the
wind, rain and hail storm which swept
over this section during the early
morning hours of Monday.

The gale was one of the heaviest
Chicago has experienced in recent
years and came just as the wire com-
panies were recovering from the effects
of the spring-day storm of Friday
morning. The storm played general
havoc anew with telegraph, telephone
and trolley wires, and interfered to
some extent with traffic. Lightning
added to the damage by starting sev-
eral fires.

Boy Killed in His Home.

One of the victims of the tragedies
resulting from the storm was Orlo
Slocumbe, twelve years old, who was
crushed to death in the home of his
parents, when it collapsed under the
fury of the fifty-eight-mile-an-hour
gale. Another fatality was that of
Thomas Ywanowicz, who was killed
by a broken electric wire in the alley
back of his home.

The third Chicagoan killed was also
electrocuted. He was Frank Peckler,
a lineman employed by the Cosmopol-
itan Electric company, who received an
electric shock while making repairs at
the top of a pole. He fell to the
ground and was dead when the near-
est person reached his side.

The two men killed in Des Plaines
were brakemen employed by the Soo
road. They were in the caboose of a
train when a smokestack, blown down
by the wind, fell on the car and killed
the two occupants.

Indiana Ruins Yield.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 25.—
Twenty-six victims of a tornado which
swept the southern part of Terre
Haute and Vigo county late Sunday
night have been identified and more
than seventy-five injured are being
cared for in improvised hospitals.
Several more bodies are expected to
be found when the ruins of 200 homes,
levelled by the storm, have been
cleared away.

At the request of Mayor Gerhardt,
Governor Ralston ordered out Com-
pany B of the Indiana National Guard
to patrol the devastated district and
help in the rescue work.

More than 150 persons were made
homeless and the city council in extra
session appropriated \$500 to start a
relief fund.

Telephone messages reaching here
from Prairieville, nine miles south,
state that nearly every house in the
town had been destroyed, and that
many homes between here and that
place had been leveled.

Torrential rains accompanied the torna-
do and probably saved many per-
sons, pinned in the wreckage, from
burning to death, as electric wires and
lightning fired the debris in many in-
stances.

Many Children Among Dead.

The known dead are:
MOSES CARTER, WIFE AND
BABY.
MRS. FRED KING AND CHILD.
CHARLES DAVIS.
JEFF FOX.
NEAL YEAGER.
CHAMIS EDWARDS, eight years
old.
JAMES BROWN.
J. V. HOUK.
MISS BELL, twelve years old.
—COURTNER.
MRS. HANNAH TULLEY.
HARLEY DAVIS.
—M'BRIDE.
DR. ERNEST LEMOOR.
WILLIAM RODGERS.
WILL MATHERLY of Gardentown.
IDA DAVIS.
WILLIAM GIFFENS.
MRS. GRIFFITH, Prairieville.
TWO UNIDENTIFIED MEN.
UNIDENTIFIED BOY.
UNIDENTIFIED WOMAN.

Bodies in Ruined Homes.

The bodies of Carter and his wife,
the first recovered, were found under
the crushed roof of their home, while
the mangled body of their child was
found fifteen feet away.

Mrs. Flora Woods, 2424 South Third
street, was found unconscious seventy
feet from her home. She had her
small baby clasped in her arms. They
were carried into the Third United
Brethren church, which, together with
the Greenwood school, had been con-
verted into a temporary hospital, and
given medical attention.

On Verheese street, between Third
and Fifth streets, every house was
levelled with the ground. When the
ambulances and automobiles, which
were pressed into service reached the
devastated district the injured had to
be carried two blocks on stretchers be-
cause of the debris which blocked the
streets.

Nebraska Is Swept.

Lincoln, Neb., March 25.—A tor-
nado, forming near Greenwood, swept
over the eastern part of the state
Sunday night, causing the death of
at least twenty persons besides those
at Omaha, while ten others are miss-
ing and over a hundred are injured.
Yutan, sixteen miles north of Ashland,
suffered most severely of any city.
With the water works out of commis-
sion at that place, a fire started and
the entire place was threatened with
destruction.

The Known List of dead is as fol-
lows:

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Hammond and
two children.
Mr. and Mrs. Herman Starman.
Mrs. Gilster.
Mrs. Salmbaugh and baby.
Fred Hayens and two children.
Baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs.

Fred Ohnf, killed on a farm near
Mead.

Henry Hickory, killed on a farm
near Mead.

Heaviest Loss Near Greenwood.

Valley Hill, north of Yutan, was
hard hit. Property running into thou-
sands of dollars was destroyed by the
wind. The heaviest loss occurred
near Greenwood and north of Ash-
land.

At Ralston much property was de-
stroyed and the railroad lines were
blocked with debris, necessitating the
holding of several trains.

Several Perish in Iowa.

Sioux City, Ia., March 25.—Six per-
sons were killed, houses were un-
roofed and many thousands dollars of
damage was done at Woodbine, Ia.,
by the storm which swept that sec-
tion Sunday. Several persons were
killed at Craig, Neb.

Dust Storms in Kansas.

Kansas City, Mo., March 25.—A ter-
rific windstorm that raged over Kan-
sas, Oklahoma and Nebraska was
made more violent by the accompani-
ment of heavy rain and hail. Details
of the severity of the storm are
meager here, as telegraph and tele-
phone lines are all out to the west,
north and south.

Over Kansas one of the most severe
duststorms in recent years raged.
Damage to buildings, live stock and
telephone lines was reported from
various points.

Flood at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, March 25.—A terrific
rainstorm did damage here Monday
to the extent of \$200,000.

For hours the rain fell in sheets
and turned the streets into miniature
rivers. The temperature rose to 59
and a tornado-like wind swept over
the city. Seven big coal conveyors
were blown down and the big steel
frames broken into bits. Five of
these are owned by the St. Paul &
Western Coal company, and one each
by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal
& Iron company, and the Pennsylvania
Coal & Supply company.

Hugh Sign Creates Havoc.

The huge sign of a big department
store on top of the majestic building,
said to be the largest one-word sign
in the world, was blown from the
building. Electric light bulbs by the
hundreds went crashing to the street,
but the large steel frame landed on
top of a nearby hotel. Scores of large
windows were blown in and the rain
swept into the buildings, causing great
damage to goods. Many basements
were flooded.

Storm Razes Forty Windmills.

Racine, Wis., March 25.—Not since
the cyclone of 1883 has Racine and vi-
cinity been visited with such a severe
windstorm as swept over the city and
county Monday. At Union Grove the
Eagle hotel was wrecked, barns were
blown down and about forty windmills
and perhaps twenty silos were de-
molished. The roof of the Congrega-
tional church was wrecked and nearly
every tree in the village was up-
rooted.

In Racine the Wisconsin-Illinois
baseball grandstand was wrecked.
Several store fronts were blown in,
and scores of residences damaged.
Fifty poles on the Milwaukee Electric
Interurban were broken off and inter-
urban cars are only running north as
far as Cudahy.

Fond du Lac Is Flooded.

Fond du Lac, Wis., March 25.—Fond
du Lac is facing the most serious flood
conditions since 1881. Five schools,
including high schools, are closed, and
the basements of business houses
along the Fond du Lac river front and
a dozen residence streets are flooded.
Occupants of 100 homes are mar-
ooned. No loss of life has been re-
ported. The river is steadily rising.

Much Damage in Aurora.

Aurora, Ill., March 25.—The city of
Aurora was in darkness last night and
there is danger of the water supply be-
ing cut off as a result of the storm.
The water in Fox river has risen eight
feet and there is hourly danger that
the stream will overflow its banks and
flood the business district of the city.

Aurora and the surrounding country
suffered more than \$300,000 damage in
the tornado. In the country immedi-
ately adjacent to Aurora 85 buildings,
mostly on big stock farms, were blown
down. More than one thousand head
of cattle and horses were killed at Na-
perville. A section of the factory of
the Naperville Lounge company was
blown down, causing a loss of \$60,000.
The same danger of a flood in Aurora
threatens towns throughout the Fox
River valley.

Girl Killed Near Sterling.

Sterling, Ill., March 25.—Lulu Ell-
ison, nineteen years old of Moline, was
killed in the tornado that swept the
southern part of this county. The
home of her uncle, Jesse Miller, near
Erie, was blown over. Other members
of the Miller family escaped injury.

Dwellings Fall in Peoria.

Peoria, Ill., March 25.—Peoria was
struck by the tail of the tornado which
hit Omaha. Several dwelling houses
were demolished, but no one was in-
jured. The Lud hotel was struck by
lightning, and, while it damaged the
building to some extent none of the
guests were injured. The heavy wind
blew off a portion of the roof of the
courthouse dome.

The tornado also struck Galesburg.
A few small buildings were moved
from their foundation, but the damage
was not serious.

Dam Goes Out; Man Drowned.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 25.—
Western Michigan was swept by cloud-
bursts and heavy winds, causing at
least one death and great damage to
property. A dam went out near Trave-
erse City, carrying John Hawthorne,
a watchman, to his death. The dam
furnished power for many points.
Railroad traffic is either delayed by
washouts or suspended at several
points.

WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS

One Bachelor in President Wilson's Cabinet



WASHINGTON.—Gatherers of sta-
tistics who have been compiling
facts about the new Wilson cabinet
announced with satisfaction the other
day that its members are simple,
home-loving and by example, active
anti-race suicide propagandists.

Of all the cabinet families, only that
of Secretary of War Garrison is with-
out children.

Mrs. William Jennings Bryan is a
lawyer, like her husband, but she has
found time amid her professional du-
ties to rear two children. Mrs. Richard
Hargreaves, Jr., and William J. Bryan,
Jr., whose wife will make her home
in Washington with the family.

Three daughters call Mrs. Albert
Sidney Burleson, wife of the postmas-
ter general "mother." One of the
daughters, Mrs. Richard VanWick
Negley, has a son about six weeks
old.

William C. Redfield, secretary of
commerce, and Mrs. Redfield have a
married daughter and a son, Hun-
phrey Fuller Redfield, who is a stu-
dent at Amherst college.

Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the
interior, has a 16-year-old son, Frank-
lin, Jr., and a daughter, Nancy, sev-
eral years younger. Mrs. Lane is a
college woman, but thoroughly domes-
tic.

If ever an actual anti-race suicide
organization is established among the
families of the cabinet officers, Mrs.
William B. Wilson, wife of the new
secretary of labor, will be at its head
by right of achievement. She has
nine children.

Mrs. Josephus Daniels, wife of the
secretary of the navy, also has sev-
eral children.

There are three children in the fam-
ily of David Houston, secretary of ag-
riculture.

Miss Nona McAdoo will preside
over the Washington home of her
father, William G. McAdoo, the new
secretary of the treasury. She made
her debut a short time ago. There are
two other daughters, one married and
three sons.

The only bachelor in the cabinet,
which is why he is mentioned last, is
Attorney General McReynolds.

Brokers Do a Big Business in Stolen Stamps

INSPECTORS have learned that
stamps of all classes and denom-
inations stolen by burglars from post
offices and embezzled by employes
from great business houses and manu-
facturing establishments were pur-
chased and resold by the brokers at
prices far below their face value.

The postal laws make it a crime
punishable by imprisonment to sell
any stamp issued by the government
for less than its face value. Investi-
gations disclosed the fact that, in ad-
dition to selling the stamps for less
than a price they could have been
purchased for from the government,
the brokers in many cases knew that
the stamps were stolen when they
purchased them.

Stamp frauds against the govern-
ment and various business concerns
aggregating hundreds of thousands of
dollars annually have been unearthed
in New York City alone, while illegal
trafficking in stamps in many other
cities has reached large proportions.

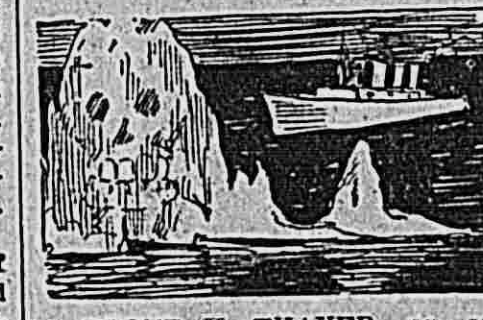
One stamp broker in New York
City who sells from \$300 to \$1,000
worth of stamps a day to merchants,
it is alleged, has been purchasing
some of his supply from an employe



of the New York state government
at Albany. The employe confessed
to post office inspectors that he re-
mitted to the stamp broker from \$25
to \$50 a week in stamps stolen from
the state.

The department redeems postal
cards from original purchasers at 75
per cent. of their face value. A few
weeks ago a member of congress and
a former deputy commissioner of po-
lice of New York City requested the
third assistant postmaster-general to
redeem more than a million cards for
a constituent of the representative.
Inquiry by inspectors developed the
fact that the cards were the property
of a stamp broker, whose business is
declared by the department officials
to be clearly illegitimate.

Expert Says Icebergs Are Invisible by Night



ABBOTT H. THAYER, an artist
who has given much study to the
question, discusses the invisibility of
icebergs at night in the last issue of
the bulletin of the hydrographic of-
fice. He writes, in part:

"The Titanic and the Arizona ran
into icebergs because of the universal
notion that white shows at night even
against a clear sky. Until this im-
pression can be corrected the world
will continue at the mercy of the
chance of more ice accidents.

"A steamer may be close to an ice-
berg on a clear, moonless night, and,
as stated above, often on a moonlit
night, without the slightest sight of it.
Any observing person who has lived
in the country knows perfectly well
that snowy roofs on such a night are

apt to be indistinguishable from the
sky, and would always be so if they
stood alone out on a plain or out at
sea.

"In order to test this matter, notices
first that it is the most nearly hori-
zontal top surfaces of a berg, snowy
roof or other white object that re-
ceive the most skylight, and conse-
quently most nearly match it. It fol-
lows that with the average hilltop
shape of an iceberg it will be the
highest expanses of it visible from
the ship's watch that are surest to be
indistinguishable. These highest ex-
panses of course constitute the con-
tour that the watch would see if the
berg were visible, and when these be-
come thus effaced the berg itself is
effaced.

"Even when a near berg is not tall
enough to stand up against the sky
to the eyes of the watch its top will
necessarily be looked at against the
most distant part of the sea; and
this part averages, especially in calm
weather, much brighter than the
nearer water; and a sky-matching
berg top could not often be distin-
guished from it any better than from
the sky itself."

Beautiful Bronze Sundial Serves as a Landmark

NEARLY all strangers who travel to
the beautiful close of the Cathedral
of Saint Peter and Saint Paul, on
Mount Saint Alban, gather around the
sundial. Most of them mount the
three granite steps to stand on the
narrow granite platform about the
sundial and its rectangular pedestal
the better to read the inscription and
to study the devices engraved on
stone and bronze. The structure is
called "the cathedral landmark and
sundial." According to the handbook
of the Washington Cathedral, "On
Ascension Day, A. D. 1906, the land-
mark given by Mrs. Julian James to
commemorate the freedom of the
cathedral land from debt and the con-
sequent hallowing of the cathedral
close was presented and consecrated.
This landmark is a beautiful bronze
sundial, surmounting an open air al-
tar, on which are inscribed the names
of those it commemorates.

Beginning at the northwest edge of
the altar is this inscription:
"Transit umbrae lax premonet. From
the rising of the sun even to the go-
ing down of the same, my name shall



be great among the nations, and in
every place incense shall be offered
unto my name."

On the eastern face of the altar is
this inscription:

"This landmark is set up in the
cathedral close in memory of Ascen-
sion day, A. D. 1906, in the eleventh
year of the episcopate of the first
Bishop of Washington."

Some of the names carved on the
altar sides are Theodoras Bailey
Myers, 1821-1888; Catalina Juliana
Mason, 1826-1905, and Cassie Mason
Myers, Julia James, Frederick James,
Edmonia Phelps, Sidney Mason, Al-
phonso Sidney Mason and Catherine
Kobb.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
One copy, one year, in advance, \$1.00
Advertising Rates Will be Furnished Upon
Application

Telephone Antioch 581

THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1913

M. E. CHURCH NOTES

The children's easter program was postponed on account of the inclement weather until next Sunday evening, when the entire program will be given and everybody is invited to come and enjoy it. All children having parts please come to practice Saturday afternoon 2:30.

On Friday evening, April 18th, a high class musical and literary entertainment will be given in the Church for the benefit of the pipe organ fund

under the auspices of the ladies aid society. We have been fortunate to secure the services of the "Winston Melody Makers" two colored musicians and entertainers. Mr. Winston was heard by a number of our people at the time of the Epworth League Banquet and everyone who heard his truly wonderful dialect recitations from Dunbar was enthusiastic in his praise and anxious to have him return for a more elaborate program. Mr. and Mrs. Winston are at present in charge of the Amanda Smith Home for colored children at Harvey, Illinois, but for years they were engaged by entertainment bureaus at a high salary. Their duets both of sacred songs and negro plantation melodies will be a feature of the program. Don't forget the date, Friday, April 18. Buy your tickets early from some member of the Ladies Aid or the pastor and remember you are helping us buy our pipe organ and pay our parsonage debt by buying a ticket which is only 25c for men, women and children.

We have not secured enough subscriptions for the pipe organ and debt fund as yet, not much effort has been made the past week, the pastor being busy with a large number of funerals and Easter preparation. However, we need your help. Please let the pastor know how many shares you will take at \$5 each, the money is payable by May 1, 1913.

We have missed our Superintendent Mr. James from Sunday School but we expect to have him with us again next Sunday to start us in a lively campaign for increased Sunday School attendance. Everybody come to Sunday school next Sunday.

Adolph O. Stixrud,
Pastor.

Phases of Scandal.

It will ever remain a mystery why so many men and women like to talk about themselves when there are so many persons willing to undertake the task and do it better.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

FURNISHED BY

Lake County Title and Trust Co.

Abstracts of Title, Titles Guaranteed.
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING
WAUKEGAN - ILLINOIS
LOUIS J. GURNEE Secretary

Frank E Rose (bach) et al to Anthony Gonyo et al sec 29, and pt ne 1/4 sec 32, Warren twp w d \$3768 60

Emily A. Bush (spr) to George Amann 1/4 acre lot on Appleby avenue, Village of Libertyville w d 2800 00

John Kells and wf to W Decker lot n of lot 10, Gridleys subdn Libertyville w d 1950 00

Anthony Gonyo and wf to Elmer Faulkner part of secs 29 and 32, Warren twp w d 11,000 00

John Bennett and wf to Richard Hook part nw 1/4, ne 1/4 sec 23 Warren twp w d 10 00

Straight From the Shoulder.

"Well, now really, Miss Jeerwell, I should like to hear what you would consider the ideal man," said Bidad. "Define him for me, won't you?" "I couldn't," said Miss Jeerwell with a pleasant smile. "The terms are essentially contradictory."

Barred Hot Water. "She threatened to throw hot water in my face," said a school attendance officer, referring to a woman who had been summoned in respect of the truancy of her child. "You must not throw hot water," the stipendiary told the defendant. "You can heat coals of fire on his head. If you like."

We have told you before, but it is worth while telling you again

What Electric Service

One Cent

Will Buy

It will pay this Company for sufficient electricity to operate a 16-candle power carbon lamp for two hours, or a 20-candle power Tungsten lamp for four hours. It will run a sewing machine motor an hour, or a vacuum cleaner 45 minutes, or a washing machine 30 minutes, or an automobile tire pump 30 minutes. It will keep a 6 pound flat iron hot 20 minutes, or make four cups of coffee in an electric percolator, or boil a quart of water or heat baby's milk twice, or keep a heating pad hot two hours, or cook a welsh rarebit in an electric chafing dish, or heat an electric curling iron 15 minutes a day for two weeks, or toast 20 slices of bread.

Electricity in the home is a

luxury in everything but cost

Public Service Company

OF NORTHERN ILLINOIS

-- REMEMBER --

Your shoes are the most important feature of your costume.

They not only have to LOOK right but have to FIT and FEEL right.

Ours are right in every respect

We have a beautiful line, Infants little white and colored shoes and slippers, girls tan shoes and slippers, women's shoes, oxfords and pumps.

We have a splendid men's black oxford for \$3.00

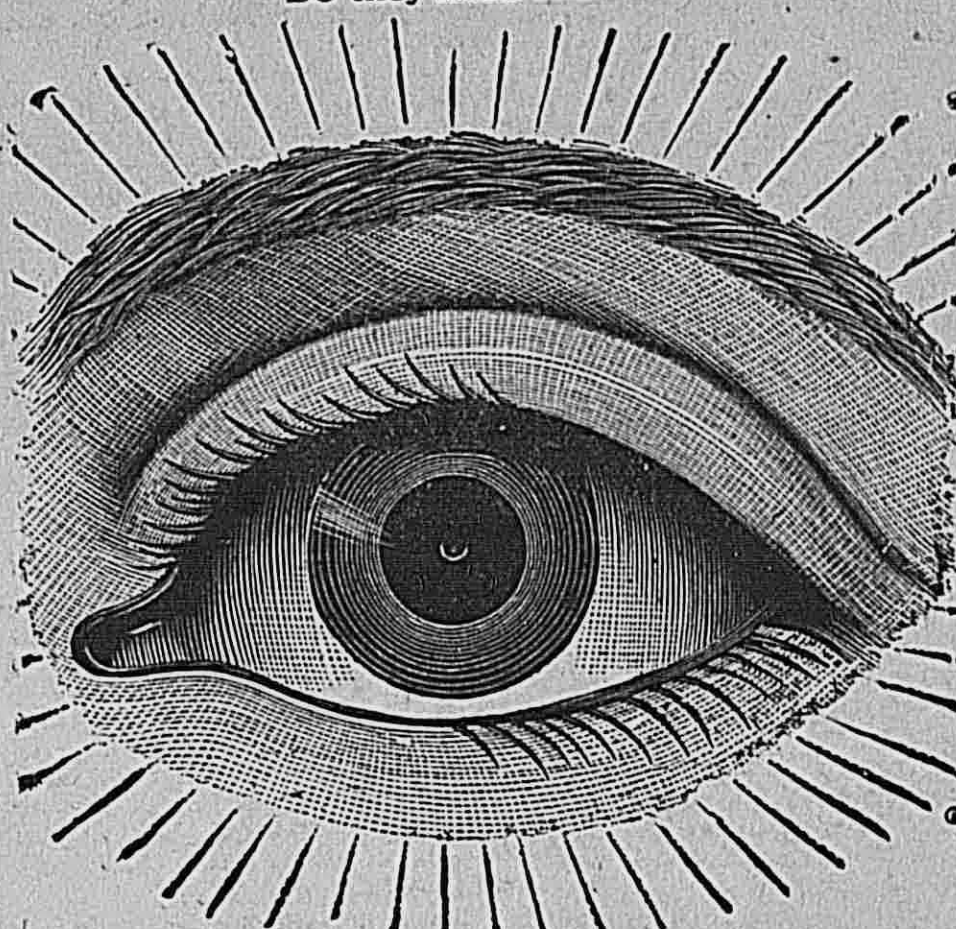
And a full line of tan and black shoes

Antioch Cash Shoe Store

GOOD SHOES

HOW ABOUT YOUR EYES?

Do they need attention



If you are troubled with headaches, nausea, dizziness, or letters blur. A pair of my rightly fitted lenses will give relief. Prices moderate.

Otto Nerad O. D.

Eyesight specialist and optician of Chicago, Ill., at

WM. KEULMAN'S

Jewelry store every 2nd and 4th Wednesday Antioch, Ill.

Specimen Ballot

TOWN OF ANTIOCH

Election Tuesday, April 1, 1913

W S Rinear
Town Clerk.

☐ PEOPLE'S TICKET

☐ PEOPLE'S TICKET
(By Petition)

☐ PROGRESSIVE TICKET
(By Petition)

☐ For Supervisor
E. L. SIMONS

☐ For Supervisor
B. F. NABER

☐ For Highway Commissioner
(Vote for Two)

W. A. STORY

☐ FRANK DUNN

☐ For Justice of the Peace
(Vote for Two)

J. C. JAMES

☐ HARRY ISAACS

☐ For Constable
(Vote for Two)

GEO. HUBER

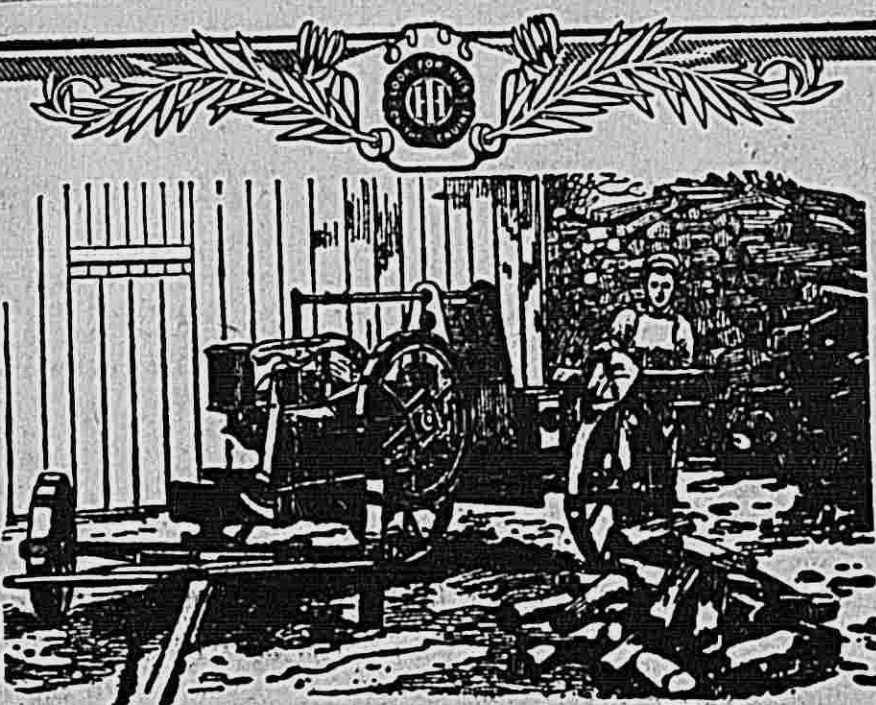
☐ EVAN KAYE

☐ For Town Committeemen
(Vote for Three)

Ed. WELLS

☐ W. T. TAYLOR

☐ B. H. OVERTON



You Will Need Extra Power



WHEN you buy your engine, get it big enough to do more than your present work. If it's an IHC engine it will last a long time. Your farm work is bound to increase in volume. Very likely you can save yourself the price of another engine later, by getting an engine a size larger than you need now. When you buy an engine powerful enough to handle your work easily while running at the correct speed you add years to its life. Get your engine big enough and buy an

IHC Oil and Gas Engine

You can use it to run any farm machine—pump, saw, feed grinder, cream separator, grindstone and on up to a husker and shredder or thresher—depending on the size of the engine you buy. The power is so economical, so steady and dependable that IHC engines are in daily use in printing offices, laundries, bakeries, machine shops, mills and factories.

An IHC oil and gas engine will deliver 10 to 30 per cent above its rated horse power. All parts are carefully, accurately ground and perfectly balanced. Combustion is perfect and the maximum power is secured.

Sizes—1 to 50-horse power. Styles—stationary, portable, skidded, vertical, horizontal, tank-cooled, hopper-cooled, air-cooled. Fuels—gas, gasoline, naphtha, kerosene, distillate or alcohol. Oil tractors, 12 to 60-horse power, for plowing, threshing, etc. Get catalogues from the IHC local dealer, or, write

International Harvester Company of America

Milwaukee

Wis.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcement and the
Elgin Butter Market.

Elgin, Ill., March 24—The committee declared butter at 34c.

W. T. Harrower spent Thursday and Friday in Waukegan.

Alfred Efinger of Libertyville was calling on friends here Friday.

Mrs. Bruckner and daughter Martha were Waukegan visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Earl Cornish of Solon Mills spent last week at Fred Kinrade's.

Mrs. John Brogan and Miss Florence Brogan were Waukegan visitors last Saturday.

Misses Deedie Tiffany of Dekalb and Mary Tiffany of York House spent over Sunday with their parents here.

Harold Williams, Frank Trussell and Ernest Kelly all of Chicago spent over Sunday with relatives and friends here.

I have a carload of cement on hand. Now is the time to buy as it is going up every day. F. J. Hunt.

Misses Luciel Webb and Ida Rentner spent Easter in Chicago as guests of the former's sister, Mrs. Joe Clarkson.

Chase Webb left on Saturday night for Waukegan, Wis., where he will take the mud bath treatment for rheumatism.

The "Bachelors" of Antioch gave a card party in the Woodman hall Tuesday evening. All present are loud in praise of the affair.

I will have a stock of buggies on hand about April 15. If you are contemplating buying, wait and see them. J. Hunt.

R. A. Luger, who has been very ill with pneumonia, underwent an operation to remove an abscess that had formed in the plural cavity, on Wednesday. At present he is reported to be better.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Mrs. E. C. Sabin was a Chicago passenger Thursday.

Clover, alfalfa and timothy seed at Hunt's.

John Horan spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday in Chicago and Evanston.

Susie Calugi and Annie Larson of Whitewater, Wis., are visiting in Antioch.

William Knees of Chicago was an over Sunday guest at the Cushing resort.

A freight wreck at Camp Lake was the cause of a delay of several hours in the train service last Monday.

For Sale—Indian Runner duck eggs, standard fawn and white, 75c per 13. Oliver R. Cubbon.

On Wednesday night the thermometer touched 8 degrees above, this being unusually low for this time of the year.

For Sale—Iron beds, small dresser, book case, chairs, sanitary couch, cook stove, kitchen table and other articles. Mrs. L. Bell.

The Hillside Cemetery society will hold a business meeting in the basement of the M. E. church Wednesday afternoon, April 2, at 2:30 p. m.

For Sale—Regenerated select Swedish Oats, free from smut and foul seed. These oats threshed out over 75 bushels per acre last year. John A. Thain.

For Sale Cheap—A 520 Account McCaskey Register, also a 250 gallon Bowser gasoline outfit. Inquire of Tiffany & Felter.

All accounts due Tiffany & Felter must be paid on or before April 5, or legal steps will be immediately taken for the collection of the same.

E. L. Simons attended an adjourned meeting of the board of supervisors in Waukegan Wednesday, at which time the report of Auditor Sims was heard.

I will teach anyone the barber trade in a few weeks and put them to work at good wages. This is a bonafide offer. Write me A. B. Moler, President Moler System of Colleges, 733 South Wabash ave. Chicago, Ill.

Buy William's Stock Food at Hunt's.

Nels Larson is quite sick with pneumonia.

For Sale—Good work horse and sulky plow. T. R. Wilton, Antioch. 3w-adv

Judge Persons and Lew Lewis of Waukegan attended a Masonic initiation here Wednesday evening.

For Sale Cheap—A Sixty Light Eagle Acetylene Lighting machine in good condition. Inquire of D. A. Williams, Antioch. adv 27-4

Mrs. Henry Herman is making rapid strides toward recovery from her recent attack of pneumonia. At present she is able to sit up a greater part of the day.

The Montana and Trevor boys will give a dance at Trevor hall, on Wednesday evening, April 2. Schmitt's orchestra. Refreshments will also be served.

For Sale, a 7 room house, large lot, good barn, hen house, fine garden, fruit trees and small fruit, good location, city water, cement sidewalk, very reasonable if sold before April 1. Joseph C. James.

It was rumoured on the street here Monday that one of the Rogers boys, formerly of this place but now of Kolze, had been killed in the storm of Sunday night. The facts are that one Clyde Rogers of Fond du Lac, Wis., was killed at Kolze by chimney falling on a boose of Soo Line freight train.

Notice
Having sold my business I am about to leave Antioch, and I would request all those knowing themselves indebted to me to call and settle at once or their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney, and interest charged. Wm. Garret.

Temperature of Lava.
The temperature of flowing lava was measured during the eruption of Etna last September by Prof. G. Platania with a Perry radio-pyrometer. Where the lava was still glowing red temperatures ranging from 795 to 940 degrees. Cent. were observed.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

The third year English class has finished reading "Romeo and Juliet."

Herbert says the "popular" tree is one variety of tree growing in this section of the country.

Rah! Rah! Rah! for Antioch.

The Seniors and Juniors extended their sympathy to the Geometry class March 24.

Adolph Pesat's parents came home from Florida, Friday.

Spring surely is here, if the number of marble rings have anything to do with it.

Was Georgy duck hunting last week?

Vincent was instructed to collect himself Monday.

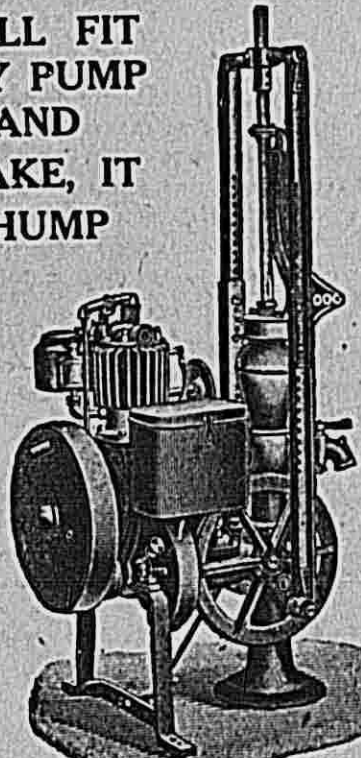
What happened to the geography class Monday?

The results of the Writing Contest of March 14, at Lake Villa was judged by Charles Faust are as follows: Daniel Lewis—First; Jannette Wallace—Second; Katherine McCann—Third; Sylvia Casey—Fourth. Ivah Radtka and Daniel Lewis carried off first and second honors in the spelling contest. We ought to feel proud of our school since it won first and second honors in both contests.

Simple.
Gabe—"Why do they say that the ghost walks on pay-day?" Steve—"Because that's the day our spirits rise."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Fuller & Johnson Farm Pumping Engine

WILL FIT
ANY PUMP
AND
MAKE, IT
HUMP



TESTIMONIALS

Has plenty of power shows no wear

March 5, 1913

Williams Bros.
Gentlemen:—
The Fuller & Johnson farm pumping engine. I purchased from you three years ago has given entire satisfaction in every way. I can recommend it to any one wishing a farm pumping engine.
J. E. SEXSMITH

Has Not Had one Minute Trouble

March 13, 1913

Williams Bros.
Gentlemen:—
Two years ago I bought from you a Fuller & Johnson farm pumping engine for my place at Channel Lake and it has given me entire satisfaction.
CHAS. W. CLINGMAN.

You may also see this mighty pumper working at the following named places.

CHAS. H. SMITH
Channel Lake, Antioch
WILLIAM BRYANT
Bristol, Wisconsin
ADAM DIBBLE
Antioch, Illinois

Everybody who
uses one is a
satisfied customer.

That is why

Williams Bros.
SELL THEM



GEORGE BOOTH
Died March 28, 1913

ANN GARLAND BOOTH
Died Dec. 28, 1912

Again has the Great Harvester entered our midst and taken another of our old citizens, thus depleting the ranks of our early pioneers. Only a few remain to tell the early story of the struggles and privations of that important period.

George Booth was one of those early settlers who has seen the great development of southern Wisconsin. He came to Salem, Kenosha county with his father in 1840 when the country was a vast wilderness. He saw this wilderness turned into magnificent farms. He saw and assisted in the building of the North Western R. R. to Kenosha and later on was one of the influences that made Trevor a station on the Wisconsin Central Lines. Always active in the promotion of public welfare, always generous to the poor and unfortunate, always progressive in the benefits of farm life, he has earned the reward that will live after him.

On Nov. 5, 1854, Mr. Booth was married to Ann Garland a daughter of Thomas and Jane Marsh Garland. Mr. and Mrs. Booth raised no children of their own but adopted George H. Welch a nephew of Mrs. Booth, who died in 1890, at the age of eighteen years.

On December 28, 1912, Mrs. Booth died and from that date nearly three months, he has mourned over his sweet heart wife, who had been his almost

constant companion for fifty-nine years. With this great loss he lost all desire to live and allowed the sands of life to gradually ebb away.

He was a great sufferer for several days previous to his death which occurred Tuesday evening, March 18, 1913, at the age of eighty-one years. Mr. Booth leaves one brother Andrew who is some years younger and a large circle of friends and acquaintances. He was buried in the family burial grounds at Liberty Corners. Services were conducted by Rev. Stixrud of Antioch.

The Decree of Nature

All nature dies, and in its path
Rough footsteps we may see,
For sock and life, and all of earth
Gives way to this decree.

The babe is born, the boy is grown,
And age comes following on
So fast, that worth is seldom seen
Until our lives are gone.

Then let us seek while here below,
To value every minute,
And make the world a little better
For our living in it.

When we do this our friends can say
Our lives have worthy been,
And as the gates are set ajar
They'll bid us enter in.

Specimen Ballot

Election to be held April, 1st,
A. D. 1913, at Hamlin's Hall, in
the village of Lake Villa, Lake
County, Illinois,

Lew A. Hendee
County Clerk



PEOPLE'S PARTY

☐ For Town Supervisor
JOHN STRATTON

☐ For Town Assessor
EUGENE A. WILTON

☐ For Town Collector
PERCY DIBBLE

☐ For Town Clerk
C. W. TALBOTT

For Highway Commissioners
(Vote For Three)
☐ **GEORGE MCCREDIE**

☐ **J. J. BARNSTABLE**

☐ **FRANK M. HAMLIN**

For Justice of the Peace
(Vote For Two)
☐ **M. S. MILLER**

☐ **LYONS B. CONGDON**

For Constable
(Vote For Two)
☐ **H. WITT**

☐ **W. G. HUCKER.**

PIANOS ? ? ? ?

That surely is a question to the average buyer. You have said, "Who shall we buy of and what make?" There are 550 makes of pianos and 150 of this number you can not make a mistake on, one is just as good as the other—**Look Out** for the remaining 300 makes, you will find them unsafe pianos to buy. Who would be more capable of sifting out the good from the bad than **Prof. Fulton** who has taught music for 20 years and well known throughout your neighborhood as a company for **Honest Dealing, Honest Goods and Honest Prices?** It isn't furniture alone you are deciding upon when a piano is to be purchased, a beautiful case does not always warrant tone to last, any piano may sound well for two or three years possibly five, get one that will sound just as fine in **20 YEARS** then you have something. **Strictly High Grade, We Have Them.** After you have investigated others, come to us and we will save you from \$25 - \$50 on a piano. We will **Show** you how we can do this.

10 Music Lessons Free Given at Our Store

We sell on easy payments or rent. Always a beautiful line of small instruments and supplies.
Cameras, Columbia and U. S. Graphophones

Fulton's Music Store

Antioch, Illinois.

Van Patten Bldg.



SYNOPSIS.

The GLOW of the RUBIES

by FRANCIS PERRY ELLIOTT
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS
COPYRIGHT 1911 BY BOBBY-MERRILL COMPANY



Richard Lightnut, an American with an affected English accent, receives a present from a friend in China. The present proves to be a pair of pajamas. A letter hints of surprise to the wearer. Lightnut dons the pajamas and late at night gets up for a smoke. His servant, Jenkins, comes in and, failing to recognize Lightnut, attempts to put him out. Thinking the servant crazy, Lightnut changes his clothes intending to summon help. When he reappears, Jenkins falls on his neck with joy, confirming Lightnut's belief that he is crazy. Jenkins tells Lightnut of the encounter he had with a hideous Chinaman dressed in pajamas. In a message from his friend, Jack Billings, Lightnut is asked to put up the kid for the night on his way home from college. Later Lightnut finds a beautiful girl in black pajamas in his room. Lightnut is shocked by the girl's drinking, smoking and slangy talk. She tells him her name is Francis and puzzles him with a story of her love for her sister's room-mate, named Francis. Next morning the girl is missing and Lightnut hurries to the boat to see her off. He is escorted by a husky college boy, who calls him "Dicky," but he does not see the girl. Jack Billings calls to spend the night with Lightnut. They discover priceless rubies hidden in the buttons of the pajamas. Billings dons the pajamas and retires. Lightnut later discovers in his apartment a beefy person in military-chop whiskers and wearing pajamas. Jenkins calls the police, who declare the intruder to be a criminal, called "Foxy Grandpa." The intruder declares he is Lightnut's guest and appeals to the latter in vain. He is hustled off to jail. In the morning Lightnut is astonished to find Billings gone and more astonished when he gets a message from the latter, demanding his clothes. Lightnut, bound for Tarrytown, Billings' home, discovers "Francis," the girl of the pajamas, on the train. Lightnut speaks to her and alludes to the night before. She declares indignantly that Lightnut never saw her in black pajamas. At Tarrytown Francis is met by a husky college youth, who calls Lightnut as "Dicky." The latter ignores the boy, who then threatens to threaten him for offending Francis. Lightnut takes the next train home. Billings storms over the outrage of his arrest. He and Lightnut discover mysterious Chinese characters on the pajamas. Professor Doosenberry is called in to interpret the hieroglyphics. He raves over what he calls the lost silk of Si-Ling-Chi. The writing declares that a person wearing the pajamas will take on the semblance of the previous wearer. Lightnut borrows the pajamas for experiment. "Billings" dressed in pajamas is found in the professor's room and is taken home in an automobile with Francis and a woman Lightnut calls the tramp. Lightnut is angered by "the tramp's" audacious talk about "Francis." "Billings" is taken to his room. A servant tells Lightnut that a message has been received, advising that Billings was under arrest in New York for stealing a suit of black pajamas. Judge Billings admonishes Lightnut with a tale of Francis' escapades. Lightnut asks permission to speak to "Francis." The judge declares that not another living person would tackle the job, and Lightnut, his mind occupied with the beautiful Francis, is greatly mystified. Policeman O'Keefe returns in black pajamas and Lightnut sends them to Billings' room. Lightnut has an interesting hour with Francis. He tells of the things the judge has been saying about "Francis," much to "Francis'" amusement.

CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued.

Oddly, this time she didn't laugh—and I knew why: it was her father, and it had cut her to the heart. This was what I had feared. As I proceeded, narrating the interview in the library, she just grew rosier and rosier red, but sat looking at me wide-eyed and unflinching. The pulsation of her bosom quickened a little, but her dear face remained unchanged, save for her little trick of dragging her underlip through her white teeth.

"And, by Jove, that's all!" I finished with relief as I mopped my face. "But who cares, don't you know, or believes any bit of it? Anyhow, we don't for we know!"

"Are you sure?" She spoke gravely, yet in her eyes were the dancing star-motes of a laugh. "The extravagance, the gambling, and the—oh, all of it? I must tell you I heard some sad things myself about Francis Billings while I was at Cambridge."

I grunted scornfully. "I know: from the two-faced cat, Miss Kirkland! Say, how I wish, by Jove, that woman would pack up and go back to China—the sponge!" And I screwed my glass indignantly.

"Oh, now!" she remonstrated sweetly. "You mustn't say that. You might be sorry!" She smiled archly.

I grunted contemptuously.

Again she rested her little chin upon her hand, eying me thoughtfully, earnestly.

"And so you don't believe any of it?"

I chuckled at the idea. "Oh, I say now, Francis, you know I don't!" And I showed a bit nearer, looking into her eyes. But just then I saw Wilkes come out and look around.

And she must have glanced about quickly and have seen him, too, for as I shifted my eyes to her again she was blushing furiously and had moved a bit.

"I'm afraid," she said measuredly, her chin lifting a little, "you do believe—part of it!" And in her eyes was a glint of fire.

And then as my face fell blankly, a slow little smile came creeping back to hers. Her eyes softened.

"Forgive me," she said gently; "I misunderstood!"

"The darling! And, dash it, if they were going to have vines to a pavilion, why didn't they have vines?"

"De you know," she said, "I don't believe you do believe any of these awful things could be true about me."—her voice quickened here—"and do you know I just think it's lovely of you! I do!" And her dear voice dropped like the softer notes of a what's-its-name. Her hands lay in her lap and she was studying me in the

"My Dear Lightnut—"

kindest, sweetest way! And I wanted to tell her how good she was and how much I loved her, don't you know, but just then, behind the pavilion, came the gardener. He was talking to one of his assistants about slugs—dash slugs!

CHAPTER XXVII.

The Judge Fixes "Foxy Grandpa."

"But I tell you, sir, he is not my son!"

The judge was bending over the desk, phone as I looked in a half hour later. His voice rose in a crescendo of rage: "What—what's that? Do I want to speak with him? Certainly not, sir—and I won't! . . . Um, yes—John W. Billings—yes, that's his name. . . . Stuff and nonsense, sir! He's upstairs now in his room. . . . Says what?"—the judge's eyes rolled frowningly upward as he listened; then he licked his lips and bent again, speaking with passionate incisiveness: "Why, dammit, man, I've just this minute been talking to him—just left him, y'understand. . . . Certainly your man's an impostor—you ought to know that! . . . Yes, this is Judge Billings, himself. . . . Eh? Oh, that's all right, but now let me tell you something—he cleared his throat and gathered his voice in cold, deliberate accents: "You let me be annoyed again from your precinct, and I can promise you that . . . Um, well that's all right then . . . 'Bye!"

He banged the receiver to the hook and faced about, muttering things to himself.

"Well, upon my word! Of all the—excuse me, Lightnut!" He wiped his forehead, his glance abstracted and acowering. "Somebody is putting this fool up to this—somebody trying to annoy me!" He uttered a short laugh that was more of a snort. "There's some fool lunatic down in New York that they've arrested and he's got a bug that he's my son! This is the second offense. Caused me to lose two hours from my office yesterday in the city and upset me for the whole day! And me so busy! busy!"—his hands lifted toward the papers on the table—"so busy I can hardly—another snort, and he relighted his cigar, puffing savagely—looks like there's just one fool thing after another interrupting me or absorbing my time!"

"Jolly shame, you know!" I responded, dropping sympathetically into a chair. I pushed the papers to one side so I could rest my elbow on the table edge; besides, I saw they were fretting him—could tell by his glances, you know.

For another thing, I had got hold of a devilish shrewd idea I wanted to break to him—about this chap who was pretending to be his son. I remembered that the old rascal who had invaded my rooms had tried to make me believe that I was his bosom friend.

"Oh, I say, you know," I began, declining a cigar and selecting a cigarette from my case, "I've an idea!"

And I faced him impressively.

"You've what?"—he straightened forward, with a kind of twisted smile—interested, you know—whatever makes you think that, my boy?"

I waited, sending a long, thin smoke funnel upward. Kept him expectant, you see, and gave me time to get hold of the corners of the jolly thing my

self. Catch the point? So devilish important when you have to lift an idea, don't you know.

"Rather fancy your chap's the same one I know of." I drawled, "an oldish duffer—white muttonchops—beefy sort of face—sunburn line and baldish—all that sort of thing!"

"Well, by-y George!"—he slapped his hand down—"I should say that was a real idea! And you say you know this crazy fool?"

"Crazy? He's not crazy!" I exclaimed indignantly, thinking of her pajamas. "And he's no more fool than I am!"

He fell back with a grunt. "Oh, well, I know—but—"

He coughed. By Jove, he seemed disappointed, somehow.

I proceeded calmly: "Real truth is, the beggar's a notorious criminal, known to the police as Foxy Grandpa—pretends all sorts of things about people, don't you know."

"My dear Lightnut!"—he was staring at me, mouth distended—"why—how the devil do you know this?"

I inhaled deliberately. "Awfully simple, don't you know," I responded quietly; and I let him wait till I had blown six rings. "Fact is, I'm the one sent him to jail!"

"You!"—his laugh was frankly amused, incredulous.

"Oh, yes!"—carelessly—"found the fellow thieving in my rooms the other night and called in police—oh, they recognized him in a minute!"

He looked floored. "Well, what do you think of that?" he murmured slowly. Then his face flushed and he sat erect. "And so that's all the crazier the ruffian is—that's the kind of smart Alex that's been trying to get gay with me—with me!" He started up, snorting like a war-horse—"Hu! Well, two can play at that game, and—his eyes twinkled wrathfully—"I'll show him who's got the best hand! I'll just—"

The rest trailed off in a mutter. He had dropped beside the telephone again, his cigar crushed firmly in the corner of his mouth, his gray mustache bristling aggressively. I tried to trace the family resemblance to Francis, but dashed if I could see a single point. And while I was thinking of this, he got his number.

"Yes, yes," I heard, "I do want to speak to him personally—this is Judge Billings!"—a moment, and then: "Morning, Commissioner—this is Billings. . . . Fine, thank you. . . . Oh, no! No bad effects at all—takes more than that to throw a seasoned old diner like me— . . . What say?"—a cackling chuckle—"yes, I knew the dinner would loosen him up! Had his promise before we left the table; Soakem'll take care of that Benedict. . . . Yes—oh, yes; he's got it—had it with you, you know, in case! . . . No-o-o, of course not; not a single line or scrap!"—a lower drop of tone—"just in a plain, blank envelope—best way always, you know."

Yes, that gives us a safe margin in the senate now, not even counting upon what they do in committee—and Soakem'll take care of that end.

Alas! this morning—he says the bill's safely dead—Hector now.

Er, by the way, Commissioner—the judge cleared his throat and his voice sobered: "Little favor I want to ask—h'm! I'm being greatly annoyed by some low vagabond confined at one of the stations. . . . Yes, I really mean it!—Captain Clutchem's precinct, you know—and this ruffian insists to them that he's my son. . . . No, indeed, I'm not joking at all. . . . All right, you may laugh, but I fail to appreciate the funny side, myself—especially now, you know, when I'm up to my neck in this merger case. . . . How's that! What do I want done? Oh, I wouldn't venture to say as to that! I leave that to you! . . . I know. . . . Yes, I understand all that, but . . . wait—wait just a minute! Now you listen—"

The judge concentrated more intensely over the instrument.

"You know what you asked me to do when I saw you last night—and I refused!"—another voice drop—"with the mayor, you know? Well—now listen—you make assurance that this scoundrel will not bother me for thirty days and—well, I give you my word that I'll do all I can to bring things the way you want. . . . Good! . . . What'll you do with him? Why, what in Sam Hill do I care what you do with him? . . . Oh, but say, Commissioner, yes, I do care, too!"—a laugh here like a jolly fiend—"I shouldn't like for him to be put away off in some nice, damp, dark cell to cool off—hel hel hel—y'understand?"

He got so mixed up in his chuckling and coughing that he couldn't get out another word for a moment. Then—

"Oh, no! Certainly not; nor one too hot and arid, as you say—hel hel hel! And don't put him—don't put him—"

The judge was gasping for air now—"don't put him on bread and water, or anything of that kind, nor in a cell with rude, rough men who would tame his playful spirit—hel hel hel! Oh, don't do that! . . . What say? I didn't quite catch—"

And then, dash it, it seemed he did catch it, for he began waving his arm and pounding the desk. "Oh—oh, no, that would be too bad—really! . . . Eh? Oh, well, you know best—it's up to you now! . . . 'Bye, and many thanks, Commissioner! Eh? All right, tomorrow then at one at the Lawyers' Club—you can go over again the points of what you want with the mayor. 'Bye!"

At last with good humor perfectly restored, he faced me, waddling like a jolly jellyfish.

"S' greatest joke ever heard of in my life!" he chuckled.

"Oh, I say, how did you find Jack?" I asked, for that was the thing I had begun to think of.

His face collapsed so dashed sudden, I was afraid it would break. And from being a peppery red, he changed to a devilish sickly yellow.

"Awful!" he said jerkily. "Something awful!" And he groaned like a jolly horse in pain. "Went up there, you know, but—"

His hands lifted and dropped; he shook his head—"didn't seem to know me at all—was sitting there in his pajamas examining with a magnifying glass some leaves he had pulled at the window. Seems obsessed with some crazy patter of talk I couldn't understand—poor fellow!"

The judge sighed. "Only thing he seemed to want me to do for him was to promise to wear his pajamas tonight—pajamas seem to be the focus of his malady this time."

I swallowed pretty hard and looked down.

"I promised," continued the judge gloomily. "And I'll do it—oh, yes, anything to humor him! He's to put them outside his door tonight—it's his own whim, you know." He went on moodily: "He won't allow any luncheon sent up; says if not too much trouble, would be grateful for two and one-half ounces of unleavened bread and clabber—what the devil's clabber?"

"Luncheon is served!" intoned a human machine.

"Ah-h!" The judge's tone evinced satisfaction. "My dear Lightnut," his hand upon my arm, "do you know I look upon you as so nearly one of us—"

"Thank you, judge!" I said feelingly. By Jove, it was devilish comfy to have her father so jolly friendly about it!

"That I'm just going to ask you to excuse me from luncheon with you—know you'll understand, my boy!—so infernally busy, you see!"

I didn't see, though he had been saying this all morning. But as he seemed to think he was busy, I wasn't going to make any dashed break contradicting him, you know. So I pretended I did see.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



NEW YORK HAIR IMPORTER CAPTURED ON STEAMER.

Antone Martinez, Accompanied by Three Sons and Two Daughters, Taken From Berth on Ship.

New Orleans, March 21.—Anthony and Philip Musica, father and son, human hair dealers in New York, indicted there for defrauding American and European bankers, were arrested here Wednesday aboard the United Fruit company's steamship Herodia, about to leave for Central America, after a thrilling pursuit across the country by police and detectives.

The detectives, led astray for several hours by the clever doubling of their quarry, all but missed the fugitives, but traced their baggage aboard the ship in time to accomplish their arrest.

With the elder Musica, a dignified Italian of sixty-eight years, were his son, Philip Musica, aged thirty, two daughters and two other sons. Their attempt, traveling together and closely pursued, to escape from the country perhaps is without parallel in the criminal history of the United States.

Approximately \$76,000 in cash was taken from the six Italians. This is believed to be part of the \$1,000,000 they are said to have obtained from American and European banking firms by means of fraudulent invoices for consignments of human hair.

"SWINDLER" IS HELD

NEW YORK HAIR IMPORTER CAPTURED ON STEAMER.

Antone Martinez, Accompanied by Three Sons and Two Daughters, Taken From Berth on Ship.

New Orleans, March 21.—Anthony and Philip Musica, father and son, human hair dealers in New York, indicted there for defrauding American and European bankers, were arrested here Wednesday aboard the United Fruit company's steamship Herodia, about to leave for Central America, after a thrilling pursuit across the country by police and detectives.

The detectives, led astray for several hours by the clever doubling of their quarry, all but missed the fugitives, but traced their baggage aboard the ship in time to accomplish their arrest.

With the elder Musica, a dignified Italian of sixty-eight years, were his son, Philip Musica, aged thirty, two daughters and two other sons. Their attempt, traveling together and closely pursued, to escape from the country perhaps is without parallel in the criminal history of the United States.

Approximately \$76,000 in cash was taken from the six Italians. This is believed to be part of the \$1,000,000 they are said to have obtained from American and European banking firms by means of fraudulent invoices for consignments of human hair.

HUNTINGTON WILSON RESIGNS

Bryan Aid Attacks Order Repudiating the Chinese Loan Plans—Resignation Is Accepted.

Washington, March 22.—Out of harmony with the new administration's far eastern policy and vexed by the "unnecessary haste" in publishing a statement on the Chinese loan before it had been advised of its character, Huntington Wilson, acting secretary of state, resigned on Thursday.

In a long letter to President Wilson he set forth his grievances, and the impropriety of trying to act as spokesman for policies with which he is not in accord, and demanded that the resignation as assistant secretary of state, which he submitted on March 4, be effective at once.

The president at once designated Second Assistant Secretary Ade to act as secretary of state in Mr. Bryan's absence, while it is probable that John Bassett Moore will be appointed counselor of the state department with authority as an assistant secretary. In accepting the resignation of Huntington Wilson, the president made no reply to the statements in the letter of resignation.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Buffalo, N. Y., March 21.—Charles E. Lang, sergeant of police, was shot and fatally wounded in the office of Mayor Louis P. Fuhrmann here Wednesday by Joseph Stefanski, who says he is a Montana cowboy. Lang was on duty when Stefanski entered and asked to see the mayor. When permission was refused he started shooting.

San Leandro, Cal., March 22.—T. J. Smith, a traveling salesman for the Walden Jewelry company of Chicago, cut his throat with a razor and his body was found in the roadway near Eastside station here Thursday.

Chicago, March 24.—John Klein, a printer, was shot and killed by his son, John R. Klein, nineteen years old, in their home here Friday. The youth killed his father in defense of his mother, according to his statement.

Lincoln, Neb., March 21.—William J. Bryan, secretary of state under President Woodrow Wilson, came to Lincoln Wednesday to celebrate his fifty-third birthday anniversary with the folks at home and be guest of honor at the annual banquet of the Lincoln Bryan club.

From the moment he stepped from his train until the banquet climax late at night when he addressed a discourse which jammed the Auditorium to its doors, the distinguished son of Nebraska was the central figure of a continuous ovation.

MOORE, WEATHER CHIEF, OUT

Prof. Charles W. Dabney, President of the Cincinnati University, Scheduled for the Vacancy.

Washington, March 25.—Willis L. Moore, since 1895 chief of the weather bureau, will cease to make weather forecasts after July 21 next. He resigned Saturday.

Washington, March 25.—Prof. Charles W. Dabney, president of the University of Cincinnati, and one of the foremost educators in the country, is scheduled to succeed Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States weather bureau, it is understood.

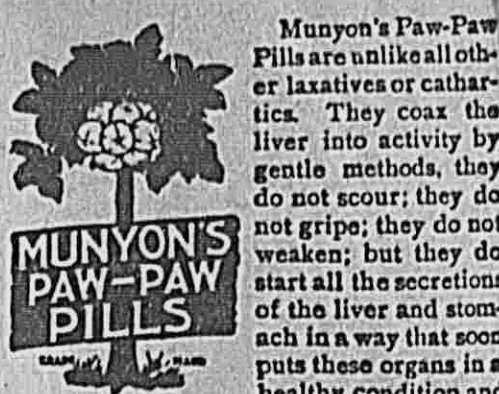
President Bonilla Dead.

Washington, March 24.—A message was received here Friday announcing the death of President Manuel Bonilla of Honduras. Francisco Bertrand, vice-president, immediately succeeded to the office.

Summoned to Cincinnati.

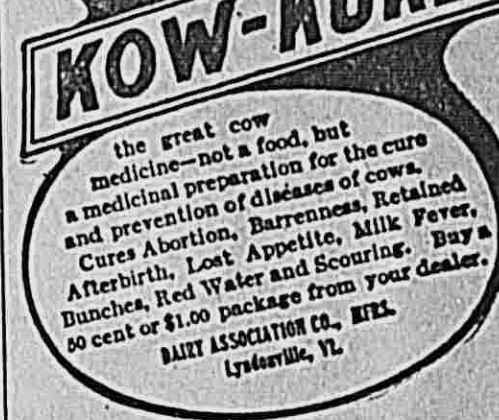
Cincinnati, March 24.—The Cincinnati Police sent a letter to Dr. F. F. Friedmann Friday, inviting him to visit Cincinnati and offering him the clinic in which to conduct his demonstrations.

CONSTIPATION



Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods; they do not scour; they do not gripe; they do not weaken; but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and bowels. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

Many cows die every year, and many become unprofitable for want of a little medical attention at the proper time. Cows can be kept in healthy, productive condition by using



KOW-KURE

the great cow medicine—not a food, but a medicinal preparation for the cure and prevention of diseases of cows. Cures Abortion, Barrenness, Retained Afterbirth, Lost Appetite, Milk Fever, Bunches, Red Water and Scouring. Buy a 50 cent or \$1.00 package from your dealer. KOW-KURE ASSOCIATION CO., INC. Lynchburg, Va.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Keeps hair clean and healthy, prevents itching, dandruff, and keeps the hair from falling out. Sold by all druggists.

Bettis Eye Salve

GRANULATED ITCHING LIDS

Eastern South Dakota Land. One-sixth down. Crop payment plan. Discounts for cash. By owner, W. M. Hunt, Aberdeen, So. Dakota.

Not Much.

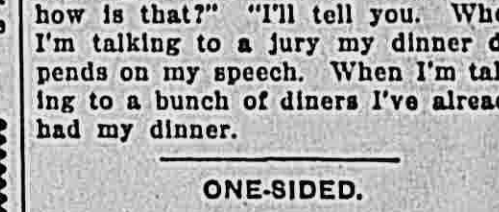
"My feelings have been lacerated."

"Did it take?"

Matter Easily Explained.

Two lawyers met on the street. "I've been wondering about you," said one. "What were you wondering about me?" "Well, I've heard you address a jury and I thought that you were the most eloquent man in Cleveland. Then I've heard you make an after-dinner speech at a banquet and you were—pardon me—pretty rotten. Now how is that?" "I'll tell you. When I'm talking to a jury my dinner depends on my speech. When I'm talking to a bunch of diners I've already had my dinner."

ONE-SIDED.



"And how did the visitors treat you?"

"Treat me? Why, I've been doing all the treating."



A Jolly Good Day Follows

A Good Breakfast

Try a dish of

Post Toasties

tomorrow morning.

These sweet, thin bits made from Indian Corn are cooked, toasted and sealed in tight packages without the touch of human hand.

They reach you fresh as crisp—ready to eat from package by adding cream and milk and a sprinkling of sugar, if desired.

Toasties are a jolly good dish—

Nourishing

Satisfying

Delicious

men" mailed from
E. WARREN, PA.
NO. 12-1912.

ger bites than any fisherman ever told about. They were fishing off the railroad bridge with a chain as a fish line. The line touched some electric feed wires, and the boys were tossed in the air by a 11,000 volt charge.



5 C's

WORTH YOUR WHILE - TO GIVE IT A TRIAL

